

THE VULCAN REVIEW

VOL. 1

VULCAN, ALBERTA, TUESDAY APRIL 2, 1913

No. 4

PROFESSIONAL

THE NORTHERN LIGHT CO.
of Calgary, Alberta
Sole Agents in Alberta and B. C. for
ECONOMY PORTABLE LAMPS
Economy System Lamps
Earl R. Tamblin C. B. Shimp
Manager Agent, Vulcan

G. H. LEGLER
Auctioneer in all its branches
Phone 83, Nanton.

O. A. REID
Builder and Contractor
Vulcan, Alta.

VULCAN BAKERY
Call and get acquainted
P. SMART, Prop.

BLACKSMITH SHOP
and
GENERAL REPAIRING
C. W. ROBSON, Proprietor

HUB BARBER SHOP
CHAS. MILLER, Proprietor

TINSMITHING
Done at the Vulcan Chop Mill
Work Guaranteed and Prices Right
N. T. BROWN

DUGGAN & DUGGAN
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
Enquire of Whicher & Glover
Vulcan, Alta.

Wanted, For Sale Lost and Found

FOR SALE.

A snap. 100 acres of good land, one mile from Vulcan. All fenced, 50 acres broken. All first class land. \$3,200; half cash, balance arranged.

M. F. EARL

SEED OATS FOR SALE

2000 bushels Good Seed Oats for sale. 90 per cent. germination test, guaranteed. 40 cents per bushel.

J. N. JOHNSTON,

W. of 14-16-25, W. 1

Galt Coal

The Galt Agency has been transferred to me and I have reduced the price to \$5.80 per ton.

CLAUDE TERWILLIGER

Vulcan Facts

One bank.
Good schools.
One opera house.
Two coal yards.
Two lumber yards.
Elevation 3500 feet.
Town site sale 1911.
Incorporated 1912.
Population 1911, nil.
Population 1912, 400.
Soil light vegetable loam.
Good water free from alkali.
Leading district in grain growing.
Dairy and mixed farming.
On main line Calgary-Lethbridge.
Anglican and Presbyterian churches.

The Observer

Rises to Make a Few Remarks

From official figures received to date church union between the Presbyterian, Methodist and Congregationalist churches of Canada will be favored by the Presbyterians by a proportionate vote of between 2 and 3 to 1. Several of the western Presbyteries having not yet compiled their votes, but this will not materially affect the result. Church union so the present proposed basis has been defeated according to the percentage wanted by the officials. They at the outset stated that the vote must be over five to one before the matter could be seriously considered by the church officials. There is no indication now of the total ever reaching that proportion. These figures have been received from every part of the dominion and are representative of the total vote.

If we owe any education to our children at all it should be a practical one and to learn how to beautify and care for the school grounds is to learn how to beautify and care for that part of the great earth which falls to the lot of anyone so taught, and which she or he calls home. The grounds about our schoolhouses should be a constant object lesson in order and beauty, and the interior of our schoolhouse furnished with some thought of the welfare and comfort of those children who must sit there so many hours in the day.

The earliest impressions of the child—what it sees in its own home is of very great importance in after life—and next to the home the impressions the child receives in school and school surroundings are the factors which influence mind and body in the years to come.

In 1908 at the provincial fair in Calgary, R. B. Bennett speaking on Independence day in substance said: "We welcome you Americans. There are some who fear your coming in great numbers, but as for me I am willing to leave the destiny of Canada in your hands." It was an audience made up in the main by settlers from the states. The Yankees winked the other eye and called it "humor," and "from the off-July oratory" and took it as a joke.

It need not be surprising that one who would go to that extreme would on another occasion say "the American influence a menace to western Canada." There was no politics in both statements, but who in hotel cars? Not the Yankees.

Briefs

Frank Kaiser had a new windmill erected on his place two miles east of Vulcan last week, a much needed improvement for any farmer who intends to raise stock.

On account of the storm the dance on Friday night was rather poorly attended. The music was a four piece orchestra and first-class. It was too bad there was not a larger attendance.

The play, "My Turn Next," which was to have been staged here on Easter Monday, is postponed to a future date which will be announced in the Review later.

Messrs. Whicher & Glover purchased a new piano last week, and we may look for an improvement in the choir as Mr. Glover is leader and with his new piano he will pass his spare moments in practice, and practice makes perfect.

FOR SALE.

Good seed oats.

W. F. RANWICK.

THE GOOD WORD

Why Vulcan Always Gets It

CAN SHOW THE GOODS

Nature Has Done Much Hustlers Doing More Get in

TOWN AND COUNTRY FILLING UP

Settlers Arriving Daily and More

Looking This Way---Spirit of Enterprise Our Bureau of Publicity---Every Vulcanite a Booster---Can't Avoid It

From all sides come reports of the good word for Vulcan. Commercial travelers, strangers and wayfarers always give Vulcan a good name.

The reason lies in the fact that we have the soil and the tillers of the same who know how to get the most out of it, and are not afraid to tell it out. Waste land is unknown in this district and the question is not how much of it can be tilled but how much can you till. The town of Vulcan is in competition with other towns to be sure, but she is forging ahead daily and it is the common opinion of visitors who know the ground that she will be the best town on the Aldersyde—Kipp branch.

The publication of the Vulcan Review has already caused inquiry about the district and the follow-up copies will attract further attention.

Come to Vulcan.

Mitchell-Jackson

Report has just reached us of the wedding of Miss Gertrude Jackson and Mr. Arthur Mitchell. The wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, in Orillia, Ontario. The bride looked charming in a gown of white duchesse satin and Chantilly lace, with trimmings of pearl ornaments and fringe, wearing a veil and orange blossoms and carrying a bouquet of bridal roses.

Immediately following the wedding the couple left on a wedding tour which included many of Eastern Canada's most interesting sights, Niagara falls being one of the places visited.

Mr. Mitchell, who is connected with Messrs. Roberts & Hunt and who is at present manager of their Vulcan office, has erected a modern, up-to-date bungalow in town, to which he will bring his bride as soon as they return from their honeymoon.

The Review unites with the people of Vulcan in wishing them every joy and peace, and with the hope that their residence here may be one round of happiness and pleasure, we extend to them our heartiest welcome.

A Modern Atlas

Calgary News Telegram: Mark Drumm, who has been holding back the mountain from sliding on his own town of Frank, is in the city in consultation with C. P. R. officials who would put dynamite in the mountain and blow it to Kingdom come. He is at the Alexandria hotel, which is a ferry from the Calgary tavern at which he stopped at 25 years ago, when he played Little Eva in Uncle Tom's cabin. He has a subdivision at Frank and he is hoping that it will not slide away before his return.

The Rexall Store

Sarsaparilla Tonic	\$1.00	Rexall Cold Tablets	.25
Beef, Iron and Wine	1.00	Rexall Blood Tablets	.50
Wine of Cod Liver Oil and Extract	1.00	Rexall Kidney Pills	.50
		Cherry-Bark Cough Syrup	.25

D. C. JONES

Druggist and Stationer

F. C. LOWES & Co. INSURANCE

CANADA LANDS, INSURANCE

and Loans.

F. W. SHAW, Agent - VULCAN

Live Stock Life
Accident and Hall
Highest Price Paid
for
Grain on Track

Farmers, Attention!

Call and see what we have in the grain cleaning line.

Deering Farm Machinery, and Webber Wagons
M. E. SHAW, Agt., VULCAN

We solicit a share
of your

Job-work!

TRY US
with a job

FORMALIN

BLUESTONE

Our NEW STOCK is now on hand. You can depend on getting FRESH GOODS, FULL STRENGTH

Formalin, per lb. 20c
Bluestone " " 10c

Containers for Formalin supplied and are returnable.

LINDSAY'S

Hardware Furniture Crockery

LUMBER

Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows
Everything in Building Materials

CROWN LUMBER COMPANY LTD.

Do you know

That a building erected with green material is a waste of time and money? We have a Complete Stock of Seasoned Material. No matter what amount you want, come in and get our prices before you buy.

E. M. Anderson, Mgr., Vulcan, Alberta.

Our Spring Shipments

Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Silks, Laces
and Embroideries

Have Just Arrived

Also Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes

in the Latest Correct Styles. Let us show you these lines before Buying

YOUNG MAN! How about that EASTER SUIT?
We have the Agency for the LARGEST
TAILORING HOUSE IN CANADA. A Large
Range of Samples to choose from. It
Guaranteed.

A Stock of FRESH GROCERIES always on hand

Elves Bros., - Vulcan



ROYAL YEAST

**MOST PERFECT MADE
MAKES LIGHT
WHOLESOME BREAD.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES**

Announcing the Engagement
"Miss Upperton, are you engaged to be married to Count Noaab?"
"There is absolutely no truth in the rumor. Maife, show the gentleman the ring and give him a photograph."

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, hoarseness, throat and lung trouble. 25 cents.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Illiteracy.

The term "illiterate" includes all persons at least 10 years of age, unable to write their own language. A majority of them being also unable to read. In the United States, including aliens, negroes, Indians and Mongolians, 106,100,000 of population 10 years of age or over are illiterate. The last reports on illiteracy are not in, but according to the last 46 of every 1,000 of our white native born over the age of 10 could not read or write. The great majority of such illiterates are found along the Appalachian mountain range and in the remote piney woods of some of our Southern States, where the ignorance and the scarcity of the population make Public schools well nigh impossible. —Christian Herald Almanac.

The ancient Greeks would grant a man a divorce, but their laws would not permit him to marry a younger woman than the divorced wife. They were not so slow. —Courier-Journal.

Why Should I Use Cuticura Soap?

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair live and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation.

While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials, that it wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. 7M, Boston, U.S.A., for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-two page book on the skin and hair.

Well, Well!

THIS is a HOME DYE that ANYONE can use



I dyed ALL these DIFFERENT KINDS of Goods with the SAME Dye. I used

DYOLA

ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

CLEAN and SIMPLE to Use. NO chance of setting the WRONG Dye for the Goods one has to color. All colors from pure Druggist or Dealer. FREE Color Card and 500 Y. Booklet in The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

Weighed the Argument.

When Charles A. Dana was at the head of the New York Sun, a young graduate of Cornell was assigned to the reviewing of books. One of the first handed him was a massive volume purporting to be a life of Napoleon, written by a college professor.

The young reviewer had, as it happened, specialized on the life of Napoleon under a great authority at his university and he thought but little of the effort that was submitted to him by his editorial chief. He glanced over the illustrations, laid the book aside, and turned in this comment:—

"Life of Napoleon, by Prof. So-and-So. This book weighs nine pounds."

Mr. Dana read the review and sent for the Cornell man.

"Did you write this review?" he growled.

"Yes, sir."

"Did you read the book?" growled Mr. Dana, with a fiercer look than before.

"No, sir. I weighed it."

"That will do," growled the chief.

Then he sent word downstairs to the cashier to raise the young man's salary.

The wages earned last year by Spanish settlers in South America amounted to 110,000,000 pesetas, or about \$25,000,000, according to a statement by the Chilean Consul in London.

Sweet and palatable. Mother

Grave's Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

Getting the News.

The young girl sat in her bedroom with a novel. Her hair was down and her feet were in red slippers. Now and then, extending her white arms, she yawned.

You see, it was very late, and downstairs in the parlor her older sister was entertaining a young man. She naturally felt a deep interest in the entertainment. She was waiting to hear how it would terminate.

And at last there was a sound in the hall, a crash as of a closing door, and it was plain to the impatient girl that the young man had gone.

She threw down her novel and, running forth, peered over the balustrade down into the hall's intense blackness.

"Well, Maude," she said, "did you land him?"

There was no immediate reply to her question. There was a silence, a peculiar silence, a silence with a certain strained quality in it. Then a masculine voice replied:—

"She did."

In 1909 the telegraph and telephone companies, together with similar concerns that use electric wires in this country, expended over \$7,000,000 in the purchase of poles.

The wind-bags who try to convince you that you've lost your nerve have got theirs with them; only it's of a different kind.

Landed.

There was a bachelor who had courted a young lady for a long time without coming to the point, and one evening in leap year, the young lady being very musical, he took her to a concert.

The orchestra played No. 6, a selection that seemed to the bachelor very beautiful. He bent over his companion and whispered:

"How lovely that is! What is it, do you know?"

"It is the 'Maiden's Prayer.'"

And at the same time she handed him her programme, pointing to No. 6 with her finger.

He read and started, for the real name of the selection was "Mendelssohn's Wedding March." The bachelor bought the ring next day.

There are 3,000 canary bird breeders in Norwich, England.

WOMEN MAY AVOID OPERATIONS

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The following letter from Mrs. Orville Rock will prove how unwise it is for women to submit to the dangers of a surgical operation when it may be avoided by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was four weeks in the hospital and came home suffering worse than before.

Here is her own statement.

Paw Paw, Mich.—"Two years ago I suffered very severely with a displacement. I could not be on my feet for a long time. My physician treated me for seven months without much relief and at last sent me to Ann Arbor for an operation. I was there four weeks and came home suffering worse than before. My mother advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I did. Today I am well and strong and do all my own housework. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and advise my friends who are afflicted with any female complaint to try it."—Mrs. ORVILLE ROCK, R. R. No. 5, Paw Paw, Michigan.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for women's ills, and has positively restored the health of thousands of women. Why don't you try it?

WOMEN IN ALL PARTS OF CANADA

TELL OF THE HEALTH DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS BRING

They Made a New Woman of Mrs. Elle Amiraull Who Was a Victim of Kidney Disease for Over a Year.

Amiraull's Hill, Yarmouth Co., N.S. (Special) "Four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills made a new woman of me." Those are the words of Mrs. Elle Amiraull of this place. They are words that have been used again and again by women in all parts of Canada who have suffered, and who have found relief and cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I suffered for over a year from kidney disease," Mrs. Amiraull continues. "Nothing I tried helped me. At last one told me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. Before I had finished the first box I felt better. Four boxes made a new woman of me."

No remedy ever given to the public has brought health and happiness in the lives of so many women as Dodd's Kidney Pills. This is because nine-tenths of the ills to which women are subject come from diseased kidneys. No woman who uses Dodd's Kidney Pills can have diseased kidneys. They always cure the kidneys.

The Overdraft

"To continually save and reap without replacing anything in the soil, is much like a man having a bank account at the beginning of his career, but who continually draws cheques against his account without thinking to make a deposit. The only result is an overdraft—a sterile soil."—Gen. Louis Botha, Premier of the South African Union.

The ties used on the Panama railroad are made of such hard wood that holes have to be bored for the spikes and a special form of screw spike used.

Dreaming.

"There would be fewer divorces," said "Big Tim" Sullivan, at a banquet in New York, "if men treated their wives with absolute equality. There are too many husbands of Cholmondeley's stamp."

As Cholmondeley blew the froth from a large glass of beer one evening, a friend said to him:—

"I hear you've had your pay raised, Cholmondeley."

"Yes, but it did me no good," and Cholmondeley drained his glass and pushed it to the bartender for refilling.

"Did you no good? Why not?"

"I talked in my sleep," Cholmondeley replied, "and my wife got on to it."

MARCH WE RHEUMATIC

Victims Can Cure Themselves With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

With the coming of March people who are afflicted with rheumatism begin to have unpleasant reminders of their trouble. The weather is changeable—balmy and springlike one day, raw, cold and piercing the next. It is such sudden changes of weather that sets the pangs and tortures of rheumatism, lumbago and sciatica going. But it must be borne in mind that although weather conditions start the pains, the trouble is deeply rooted in the blood and can only be cured through the blood. All the lotions and liniments in the world can't cure rheumatism. Rubbing may seem to ease the pain while you are rubbing, but there its value ends. Only through the blood can you cure rheumatism. That's why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have so many thousands of cures of this trouble to their credit. The new, rich blood which they actually make drives out the poisonous acid, and rheumatism is vanquished. Here is an example. Mr. W. C. Douglas, Webbwood, Ont., says: "I was attacked with inflammatory rheumatism, which spread through my entire system. For two months I was not able to go about, and seemed to be hovering between life and death. My joints were swollen and my legs and arms twisted, until I expected that they would never return to their normal shape. The doctor seemed to help me, but not to cure me, and I would be better one day and worse the next. At this time a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I got a dozen boxes. Soon after beginning the pills there was a change for the better, and I continued using the pills until I was quite well again. The swelling disappeared from the joints. My limbs returned to the natural shape and I feel as if Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved me from being a rheumatic cripple. I hope my experience may prove a blessing to some other sufferer."

If you suffer from rheumatism, or any other disease of the blood, begin to cure yourself to-day with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Man of 45.

"Among the men I hire, nine out of ten are better workers at 45 years of age than are men of 25 or 30," declared the secretary and manager of a Chicago commercial house. This executive believes that the man of 45, or thereabouts is in the prime of life, physically and mentally. Men of mature years are more reliable, he avers, more trustworthy, and are not apt to be possessed of that restlessness and indecision which so often characterizes youth, and which leads younger men continually from one position to another. The average young man in business, he holds, is always seeking a "soft snap" job, and is not content with sticking it out with an employer through thick and thin until his services become highly valuable and perhaps indispensable. —Business Magazine.

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THE EQUITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Annual Meeting Held at Head Office, 24 King St. West, Toronto, February 21st, 1912.

In connection with the Annual Report it may be stated that there was a decrease in fire losses of \$55,100.34 as compared with the previous year; the losses paid by the organization since its formation, \$1,091,848.90; it wrote last year 22,450 policies, and since organization 181,050; Security to Policy Holders \$408,262.63 an increase of more than \$30,000 over last year's security. Considerable addition to the stock was made, and the sale of an additional 10,000 shares is authorized at a premium of 20 per cent. The Company is represented in every place of importance throughout Canada.

Receipts.

Accumulated Reserve, Jan. 1, 1911 \$128,045.35

Premiums 334,286.13

Interest 8,900.30

Payments on capital stock and stock premiums less commissions, cash \$3,310.00

notes \$5,625.00 8,935.00

\$490,166.84

Assets.

Cash on hand and in bank \$20,329.56

Net premiums in course of collection 21,351.20

Bonds, debentures, loans, bills, receivable 208,556.02

Sundry assets 27,078.26

Uncalled capital 149,172.50

\$426,517.84

Capital paid up \$112,628.

Expenditure.

Losses and adjustment expenses \$121,974.45

Cancellations, rebates, re-insurances 106,841.16

General expenses, including commissions 94,465.56

Balance 156,835.63

\$426,517.84

Liabilities.

Reserved unearned premiums \$150,738.00

Reserve for unadjusted losses 7,359.75

Reserve for future plans 4,134.34

All other current liabilities 6,761.12

Surplus to policy-holders 257,474.63

Security to Policy-holders.

Full Government Reserve provided as above \$150,738.00

Surplus brought down in excess of requirements 257,474.63

Total Security \$408,262.63

Security shown for 1910 378,045.35

Increase for 1911 \$30,217.28

The following were elected Directors for the ensuing year:—Hon. Thos. Crawford, M.P.P., President; Chas. C. VanNorman, 1st Vice-President; A. Taylor, Galt, 2nd Vice-President; J. M. Queen, 3rd Vice-President; His Honor Judge Morgan, D. Hibner, W. Vandusen, David Carlyle, W. R. Tudhope.

WM. GREENWOOD BROWN, Gen. Manager.

THE RIGHT WAY

In all cases of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, INFLUENZA, COLDS, ETC.

of all horses, broodmares, colts, stallions, is to

"SPOHN THEM"

on their trachea or in the feed put Spohn's Liquid Compound. Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routes the disease by expelling the disease germs. It wards off the trouble no matter how they are "exposed." Absolutely free from anything injurious. A child can safely take it. 50c and \$1.00; \$5.00 and \$11.00 the dozen. Sold by druggists and harness dealers.

Distributors:

All Wholesale Druggists

SPOHN MEDICAL CO.

Chemists and Bacteriologists

GOSHEN, IND., U.S.A.

A SURE CURE FOR WOMEN'S DISORDERS

Ten Days' Treatment Free

ORANGE LILY is a certain cure for all disorders of women. It is applied locally and is absorbed into the suffering tissue. The dead waste matter in the congested region is expelled, giving immediate mental and physical relief—the blood vessels and nerves are toned and strengthened, and the circulation is rendered normal, as this treatment is based on strictly scientific principles, and acts on the actual location of the disease it cannot help but effect a cure of all forms of female troubles, including delayed and painful menstruation, leucorrhoea, falling of the womb, etc. Price, \$1.00 per box, which is sufficient for one month's treatment. A Free Trial Treatment, enough for 10 days, worth 35c, will be sent Free to any suffering woman who will send me her address. Enclose 1 stamp and address, Mrs. FRANCES E. CURRAN, Windsor, Ont.

WANTED.

Telegraphers and Station Agents wanted for new railways. Wages \$50 to \$75 per month to start.

Initial in this work, having railway telegraph wires and regular salaries books for practical use. Free Book 19 explains work and wages. Day and Mail Courses. Dominion School Telegraphy, Toronto.

WEAR

The King Hat

REGISTERED GUARANTEED

A HAT FOR EVERY FACE

Mercury.

Why does quicksilver run away when we touch it?

Quicksilver is not silver, but it has a silvery appearance. The strict chemical name for it means water-silver, says the Children's Encyclopedia, but the name by which it is generally known is mercury. Quicksilver is not a kind of silver, nor a mixture of water and silver, nor anything else but itself. It belongs to the group of the metals, like gold and silver, lead, iron and so on, but it is unlike all other metals in being liquid at ordinary temperatures. Quicksilver is very heavy, so that even iron and lead can float on it.

The tiny particles of quicksilver have a great attraction for each other. The reason we cannot pick up quicksilver is that it is liquid. Being a liquid, it runs, as water does, and that is what happens when it is touched. Quicksilver was discovered more than 2,000 years ago.

"A woman can't drive a nail straight!"

"Not with a hammer, possibly. But you give her a hair brush and she can drive a nail as well as anybody."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

C.P.R. ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS

EMPRESES

FUTURE SAILINGS

St. John-Liverpool.

Lake Manitoba Thurs., Mar. 28

Empress of Britain Friday, Apr. 5

Lake Champlain Thurs., May 11

Empress of Ireland Friday, May 19

Lake Manitoba Thurs., May 25

Summer Service.

Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool.

Empress of Britain Friday, May 3

Lake Champlain Thurs., May 9

Empress of Ireland Friday, May 17

Lake Manitoba Thurs., May 23

Empress of Britain Friday, May 31

and weekly thereafter.

Low Rates—Super Service.

Reservations and details from any Railway Agent or write

J. S. CARTER, Genl. Agt.

210 Portage Ave., Winnipeg

DISEASES OF MEN—DR. DEAN,

specialist. College St., Toronto.

ARLINGTON CHALLENGE WATERPROOF COLLARS

are the best ever made and are guaranteed to give you satisfaction. Also dealers' premiums and stationery and size required.

The Arlington Co. of Canada, Ltd.

35 Fraser Ave., Toronto, Ontario

McPHERSON SHOES

Look better, fit better, wear longer and give better satisfaction than other makes. They are the result of 66 years' accumulated knowledge and experience in building High Grade Shoes. Stocked by leading dealers everywhere in Canada.

The JOHN McPHERSON CO., Limited, Hamilton, Ont.

WAR AND PEACE FACTIONS IN GERMANY AT VARIANCE

Ministerial Crisis is Said to be Imminent, the Nation Being Divided on Question of Plans to Increase The Army and Navy

Berlin.—The conflict between the war and peace factions in the government has become so acute that the foreign secretary, Herr Von Kiderlin Waechter, is reported to have decided to retire.

His successor will be Count J. H. Von Bernstorff, at present ambassador to the United States, according to the general belief here. The Kaiser has the highest regard for the statesmanlike qualities of the present representative of the nation at Washington. The retirement of Herr Kiderlin Waechter will not take place for some weeks. It was learned that he had agreed that he would not insist on retiring until after his majesty returns from Corfu.

The imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann Holweg, is also tired of the strife. It is openly asserted in diplomatic circles that he told the Kaiser he wanted to retire, but that, like the foreign secretary, he deferred action until the Kaiser had had

his much-needed rest and is back in the capital.

The nation is divided as a result of the general discussion of the plans to increase both the army and navy. The chancellor has been denounced as weak, because he has tried to keep the expenditure restricted to the resources of the country.

In certain quarters it is believed that the appointment of Von Bernstorff to be foreign secretary will be only preliminary to his assuming the duties of chancellor. There is no question but that the imperial authorities are not in accord on Germany's present attitude toward England. How serious the breach is, of course, cannot be determined, because of the policy adopted by the officials, but it is known that a number of the higher officials believe the government should make it plain that it represents the tone of the first lord of the British admiralty, Winston Churchill, in his speech in the house of commons, and it is likely this will be one of the first matters taken up by the Kaiser when he returns from his brief vacation.

TO RELIEVE GREAT WEST

John L. Willis Believes H. B. Line of Greatest Concern to The Prairie.

Toronto.—That the transportation situation in the Canadian West is desperate is the view of John L. Willis, superintendent of the Traders Bank branches, who has just returned from a visit to points in Saskatchewan, Big River, Le Pas and the Goose River districts. Mr. Willis expressed this view and suggested how the traffic situation in the West might be relieved. He is strongly in favor of the idea that Port Nelson will be developed before Fort Churchill.

"I traveled," said Mr. Willis, "over the Goose Lake branch of the C.N.R., which runs southwest of Saskatoon. This district, I observed was dotted with granaries filled with grain of good quality. But there it hides, unable to be transported to markets. The farmers are desperate, and the banks, too. If a bank manager threatens to seize a farmer's wheat to cover the latter's notes the farmer says: 'Go ahead, take it, but what can you do with it?'"

"Now," continued Mr. Willis, "the immediate opening up of a railway to one or the other of the Hudson's Bay ports is of the deepest concern to all the farmers of the area tributary to such railway, an area which really at present seems to include all of Alberta and all of Saskatchewan, except the small south eastern corner. Manitoba wheat would naturally continue to go through Port Arthur and Port William."

"Construction on the railway has begun at Le Pas, but it should also become active at Port Nelson, to carry out the semi-promise which I saw in one Western paper, to move the 1913 grain crops over that route if at all possible."

"Those who wonder whether Fort Churchill or Port Nelson is the strategic point at present may rest assured that the latter will be developed first, for I believe that both will be developed. Facts contained in the engineer's reports very largely favor Port Nelson."

NAVY SOME GOOD

Rainbow Earned \$13,000 Capturing Poaching Vessels.

Ottawa.—The Pacific division of the Canadian navy has been the means of an addition slightly exceeding \$13,000 to the consolidated revenue. The Rainbow last summer caught the Seattle ship Edrie poaching in Canadian waters within the three mile limit. The Edrie was confiscated. Her owners went to the courts and endeavored to show that the fishing had been done outside the limit. The supreme court of British Columbia recently decided that the Edrie was poaching and ordered the sale of the vessel by public auction. The marine department received word that the sale had brought the government \$13,000.

Many Anticosti Wrecks.

Ottawa.—The department of marine and fisheries is preparing a chart showing the number of wrecks of the island Anticosti since 1820. The chart shows the south coast to be closely fringed with wrecks the north coast and points off the island also having their share. No fewer than one hundred and ten ships are recorded as having been lost on these coasts. The government has now four modern lights on Anticosti.

Railway Subsidy.

Ottawa.—The following railway subsidy is announced: Guarantee of bonds or debentures of the Canadian Northern Alberta, not to exceed \$35,000 a mile, for construction of a line from a point 150 miles west of St. Albert, 115 miles, to the Yellow Head Pass.

Seal Fishery Outlook Unfavorable. St. John, Nfld.—The outlook for the annual seal fishery season, which opened is decidedly unfavorable thus far. Several of the steamers have met with mishaps, according to wireless despatches, and the whole fleet is believed to have missed the main seal herd.

Government Railway Subsidies

Ottawa.—The new Government's first budget of transportation aid in the form of railway and bridge subsidies was brought down and it amounts to \$22,927,300, subsidies provided for 3,433 miles of railway, the construction of which at the maximum of \$6,400 a mile will involve Government aid amounting to \$21,971,200.

MILLIONS FOR RAILWAYS

Quebec Government Will Grant \$10,000,000 For Construction in Province.

Montreal.—The Star publishes the following despatch from Quebec: "Before the end of the week the government will introduce resolutions to grant ten million dollars for railway construction in this province. It is stated that the subsidies will take the form of land grants to the railways, and of these it is understood that some will be convertible into money later on under certain conditions."

"This will be the most important legislation of the session, and it is considered here to indicate that the provincial elections are imminent."

"The government has kept the best till the last, and the secret has been guarded with the most scrupulous care. At the moment of writing only half a dozen persons or so know of Sir Lomer's intention."

MANY GERMANS RETURN HOME

Montreal Trying To Raise A War Scare—Consul Denies Yarn.

Montreal.—German Canadians, who are still attached to the reserve of the Kaiser's army, and that means practically every able-bodied German in Canada, are, it is freely stated, making a very general movement toward the Fatherland, acting under the firm belief that a war between Britain and Germany is inevitable and only a short way off.

The amount of steamship traffic to German ports booked from this city has proved an increase during the past two weeks, not only for immediate sailing, but also for sailings stretched over the whole summer. Local men, who are close to the German element of Montreal's composite citizenship, state the likelihood of war is freely discussed and that business affairs here are being so arranged as to permit of a rapid exodus to the scene of action should war be declared.

At the German consulate it was stated that the departure of Germans from Montreal for the Home Land had nothing whatever to do with the possibilities of war with Britain. It was emphatically denied that any Germans now residing in Montreal had been recalled by the Home Government.

FEDERAL SUBSIDIES

From A Half Million to be Spent by Government in Aiding Agriculture.

Ottawa.—The first federal subsidy to the provinces under the Burrell aid to agriculture bill, will it is expected reach the half million mark. The apportionment of this sum allowed provinces on basis of population will it is believed provide enough for beginning and will prepare way for larger expenditures next year under a more clearly defined system. It is for the purpose of working out a scheme which will be a permanent basis for future federal helps to agriculture in the several provinces that C. C. James enters Dominion service.

The half million to be spent this year will give Ontario about \$170,000, Quebec, \$130,000; British Columbia, \$27,000; Saskatchewan, \$33,000; and other provinces in proportion.

FENIAN RAID GRANTS

Dominion Government Proposes to Give \$100 to Each Veteran.

Ottawa.—The government proposes to give a grant of \$100 per head to veterans of the Fenian raids. The announcement is in the following resolution of which notice has been given by Hon. Sam Hughes, minister of militia.

"That it is expedient to provide for the payment of \$100 to every person residing in Canada on the date of the passing of an act based upon this resolution, who was regularly enlisted and served with the militia called out for active service in the year 1866 by the government of Canada, Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, or in the year 1870 by the government of Canada with the exception of certain battalions of riflemen formed for service in the northwest."

Will Push Construction

Edmonton.—The announcement was made here by J. D. McArthur, president of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railroad, that one hundred men will be put to work opening up a line to the great Peace River country in the spring. He expects to have the grade completed beyond the Athabasca river before next winter.

THE JAPANESE MENACE

Subject of Address Before Royal Canadian Institute by F. B. Vrooman.

London.—At a well attended meeting of the Royal Colonial Institute, F. B. Vrooman read a paper on "British Columbia and the Imperial Outlook," in the course of which he said:

"The most vital world issue of today is the Japanese programme of Asiatic imperialism. It is impossible to over-estimate the momentous nature of this issue to British Columbia and to Canada, which Japan is coolly occupying unbidden and unwelcome. Canada is a prey to the disloyalty of a few unpatriotic manufacturers and corporations which will have cheap labor at the price of Canadian home industry. Japan is pursuing an unrelenting programme and plainly one which we cannot accept. Not satisfied with having absorbed the whole of the western civilization she now crosses the Pacific and demands on our shores what she denies us on her own. She is working feverishly towards a policy of pan-Asiatic imperialism and exclusion while she is laying claims to equal rights with the white man in his own white world."

"There is no nation in the world which represents more quickly any sweeping influx of foreigners into her land and in spite of this she continues to pour cheap labor into the western hemisphere and proceeds to raise a hue and cry if we object."

"The time has come for the whole empire to co-operate in the imperial naval programme. It is with grief I say that Canada is not doing her share. So far our efforts have been a travesty. Some of us are ashamed, but we have our little Canadiana also who are not empire builders, but disinterested. We want the British navy on the Pacific coast, and it must be the imperial navy and not the colonial navy."

"Our doing anything alone until strong enough to defend ourselves is folly, which approaches a quality of madness. The whole matter of the defense of any part of the empire must be considered an imperial question."

A telegram was received during the meeting from Lord Charles Bessborough expressing his regret at not being able to attend and also his agreement with Mr. Vrooman's views on the naval question.

MORMONS STAYING

Report That Colony Was To Move Is Denied at Magrath.

Magrath, Alta.—Considerable excitement was aroused here by a report printed in the press that the Mormon colony was to leave Alberta and settle in Nevada so that the church could control the politics of that state. Prominent officials at Magrath, which is one of the largest Mormon towns in the Alberta colony, ridicule the report, saying that it is a fabrication. They are emphatic in their statements that the Mormons are here to remain and they have faith in Alberta as the best country in the world to make a home in. "The church is not in politics," said an influential churchman. "Our leaders are opposed to any union between church and state because it would result in trouble and become a menace. The report is false. There is no vestige of truth in it. The Mormon is as free as the Methodist or any other church adherent. We are in Alberta to stay. We aim to obey the law and be true Canadian citizens. Our people have no political aspirations in Alberta—all we want is a home."

PICTURE SHOWS AID CHARITY

London Has Plan to Devote Part of Proceeds for Destitute.

London.—What charity gains by opening of cinematograph shows on Sundays has now been ascertained by a statement issued by the London County Council. The scheme by which such places may be opened on condition that the profits are devoted to charity, has been in operation for six months, during which period the sum of \$31,960 has been handed over in the way of profit to charities.

There are 198 picture palaces open under this arrangement. The gross receipts were \$278,010, which indicates that the people spend about \$10,000 every Sunday in this form of Sunday amusement. The total expenditure was \$246,045, of which \$60,335 went in wages.

DOCKING HORSES IS BARBAROUS

So Says Duke of Connaught at Meeting of Ottawa Humane Society.

Ottawa.—"I think the docking of horses' tails is a relic of barbarism. The dealers may not agree with me—the horses sell better when they are docked. I think it is a shame to deprive this dumb animal of the tail which God has given it." This was the declaration of the Duke of Connaught at the annual meeting of the Ottawa Humane Society to-day.

His royal highness also spoke strongly against reckless driving and overloading which the humane society is fighting in this city. "I hope there will grow up a strong sentiment against reckless driving and overloading," he concluded.

Made in Canada.

Toronto.—The itinerary of the "made in Canada exhibition train," which is to acquaint the new citizens of Western Canada with the quality and variety of Canada goods has been definitely decided upon. This tour will commence at Montreal on May 15, and after spending a day each in Ottawa, Toronto, Fort William and Port Arthur, the train will proceed to Winnipeg. Leaving there on May 23 it will call at one hundred of the principal cities and towns in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reaching Winnipeg on the return journey about June 23 and Toronto about two days later.

Bank Note Contract.

Ottawa.—The Hon. W. T. White let the contract for the new issue of government bank notes, postage stamps and inland revenue stamps. The American Bank Note Company secured the contract for a period of five years, for \$400,000 per year.

EFFECTS OF THE STRIKE

MINERS SUFFER THE LEAST FROM THE CRISIS

Distress Throughout the Industrial Districts of Great Britain Has Become Extremely Serious—Government Issues a Circular to Local Boards of Guardians to Render Assistance.

London.—Distress throughout the industrial districts of the United Kingdom because of the national coal strike, which has thrown 1,000,000 miners and over 1,500,000 other workmen out of employment, is acute.

While delegates of miners and mine owners are discussing with politicians the Minimum Wage Bill, women, children and workers themselves in many places are suffering extreme poverty, and appeals are constantly reaching London, which appears to be the least effected of the large cities, for assistance.

The Earl of Horrowby, who has just toured the pottery districts in Staffordshire, is asking for funds, and says that thousands of children in the district are being fed from charitable funds.

In this region alone, twenty thousand miners are on strike and lack of coal has thrown out of work 60,000 potters, to whose number must be added thousands of general laborers, porters, railroad men and barge men, whose livelihood depends on the output of the potteries.

Prevailing conditions in the Erwasch Valley, that great hive of industry stretching from Nottingham to Chesterfield, serve as an example of conditions elsewhere. Here 75 per cent. of the workers in all trades are idle, and unlike the miners, these men have no strike pay; their families are thrown out charity.

The mayor of Ilkeston, the largest town in the valley, received applications from no fewer than 400 families for aid, and in one of the elementary schools out of six hundred pupils, 400 are being tended.

Wales is suffering equally with England. Only three tin plate mills are working in the whole country, and every other industry is affected.

The cotton mills are closing, gradually throughout Lancashire, and the last cargo of coal has now been shipped from Newcastle to the south of England. What railway traffic returns are available, for the past week, show a decline of receipts amounting to \$10,000 in addition to \$2,500,000 for the previous week.

The government has issued a circular to all local boards of guardians suggesting co-operation with all authorities and agencies able to assist in the exceptional distress arising through the coal strike and empowering the guardians to find work for the unemployed.

The distress in South Wales has become extremely serious. Nothing like it has been suffered since the strike of 1890. At Cardiff, 20,000 men are idle. At Swansea and other ports and towns the mayors and councils are overwhelmed with appeals for relief.

RECORD GRADES IN ROCKIES

Canadian Northern Engineers Obtain Almost Dead Level on The Western Slope.

Vancouver, B.C.—Across the Rockies at Yellowhead Pass and over Albrechts Summit, separating the watersheds of the south fork of the Fraser river and the North Thompson, the Canadian Northern railroad has secured lower grades than those possessed by any other trans-continental railway in Canada or the United States.

This is the main feature contained in a report submitted to T. H. White, chief engineer of the Mackenzie-Mann system, by W. I. Bassett, who was in charge of the engineering party engaged on permanent location in that region during the past nine months. Mr. Bassett reached the city after a roundabout trip via Edmonton.

According to the report of Mr. Bassett, the line west from Yellow Head Pass down the western slope of the Rockies to Cranberry Lake, a distance of 50 miles, will have a maximum grade of 7-10 of 1 per cent.

These grades for practical purposes virtually constitute a dead level and will enable the railway company to operate loaded trains of 50 or 60 cars by one locomotive in either direction over the summit. This will mean economy of fuel and reduce general operating charges to the basis that obtains on the prairie divisions.

On the ascent to Yellowhead Pass from the Alberta foothills another Canadian Northern engineering party was successful in obtaining maximum grades of 5-10 of 1 per cent or an elevation of about 22 feet per mile. These results surpass those achieved by the engineers of the Grand Trunk Pacific which has hitherto enjoyed the record of having the lowest grades across the Rockies. For a distance of 18 miles down the western slope of the backbone of the continent the Grand Trunk Pacific has a maximum grade of 1 per cent, due to the fact that there is a long and gradual rise from the south fork of the Fraser river at Tete Jaune Cache. Near that point the route of the rival railway is located several hundred feet up the side hills in order to make allowance for the ascent southward to Albrechts Summit.

U.S. Invites Canada to Discussion.

London.—Information has been officially received here from Washington that the American government has invited Canada whether the latter is disposed to discuss a co-ordination of banking laws. The Dominion Government is consulting Imperial opinion here.

For Alberta Missions

Toronto.—The Rev. Dr. Buchanan, superintendent of the mission fields in Alberta, who has been here for the last week, has succeeded in securing over 30 young students to volunteer for work in Alberta for next fall. These young men will probably complete their theological course in the new Alberta College.

GRAIN ORDER IS SERIOUS

Drastic Ruling Creates New Difficulty in Handling of Wheat

Winnipeg.—It is very difficult to say anything new as to the situation in wheat. The markets have been holding very steady with pretty fair export demand. When all difficulties in the way are considered it seems as if the crop of 1911 was fated to develop new and surprising situations. The latest difficulty in the handling of it is the ruling made by the chief grain inspector that no cars of dried wheat can receive straight grade. This is a matter entirely in the hands of the inspector and the effect of it is very widespread indeed.

There seems to be little doubt that dried wheat is quite equal to straight grade of the same quality; in fact in the present year it is probably a little better, as even grain which is receiving straight grade contains more than the usual percentage of moisture, and will have to be more or less dried before being milled. The value of this wheat for milling purposes is thoroughly understood by Canadian millers, but it is a new proposition to old country millers and it will take from a month to six weeks to establish a basis of buying.

The west had a practical illustration of this last fall when the Survey Board, late in the season, saw fit to make a change in the grade of wheat. Quite six weeks' time was lost in getting this matter adjusted with the British millers. At a time when even hours count, it is not difficult to imagine how serious this order about dried grain is to those who have large quantities of dried grain for sale. The only way in which the dried grain at either Port Arthur or Duluth have been kept going is for dried wheat to be moved eastward as rapidly as it was dried. Now it will not be possible to do this and, in the course of a very few days at least, the drying plants at both Port Arthur and Duluth will be completely tied up and will have to cease operations unless some fresh adjustment is made.

The inspector has put himself on record for saying he does not consider dried wheat as good as straight grade. This is a matter of opinion and the chief grain inspector is entitled to his opinion, and he exercises that right at a time when the expression of an opinion is a very serious matter to all concerned.

GERMAN PRESS ON CHURCHILL

Is First Lord "Trying to Gold Brick Germany?" Asks Post.

Berlin.—If Winston Churchill hoped by his speech in the British House of Commons to induce Germany to abandon the proposed strengthening of her navy, he will be disappointed by the comment of the German papers. Not a single paper considered this alternative. A few ultra-patriotic organs indulged in the usual abusive reply, but comment generally was restrained though firm.

The sixty per cent. standard constituting the British ratio of new construction above that of Germany, proposed by Mr. Churchill, has a surprisingly wide acceptance, but it is repeatedly pointed out that Mr. Churchill's figures are deceptive, and would work out in reality to less than 2 to 1.

"The Post" referring to this says:—"Mr. Churchill is attempting to gold brick Germany."

This, though more politely, seems to be the attitude of the Admiralty.

TO STOP RUSH TO CANADA

Belated Efforts of Congress to Prevent Americans Moving North

Washington.—The efforts of the department of commerce under President Taft's direction, to stop the emigration from the United States to Canada are soon to be supplemented by important action by congress. The committee on public lands has made a favorable report upon the Borah bill which makes the homestead laws of this country more liberal for the settler than are the laws of Canada. This bill has already passed the senate, its enactment into law is a matter of a few weeks. Close students of the question, however, think this belated effort will not be very effective.

Discover Ancient Ruins.

Naples.—Highly interested discoveries have been made in connection with the excavations in the ruins of Pompeii. A street leading to the Forum, which was closed at both ends by stone pillars for the purpose of excluding carriages, now proves to have been one of the chief thoroughfares of the city. It is lined with shops, the walls of which show inscriptions and marble tablets which are well preserved. A great quantity of archaeological treasures of great historic value have been found and the investigators have gathered up a quantity of petrified fruit and meat.

In one shop a large terra cotta kitchen range was discovered on top of which rested an oval copper boiler in perfect condition containing water which the scientists say has been there since the time of the eruption, nearly 2,000 years ago.

To Move Grain Crop.

Ottawa.—The Hon. W. T. White has decided to extend the time the banks are allowed to issue emergency circulation by one month. This new clause in the Bank Act is designed to help in moving the Western grain crop in the fall.

Immigrants For The West.

Winnipeg.—The American settlers' rush is daily increasing, and the C.N.R. report about 30 settlers per day passing through Duluth. A new low rate of \$9.38 from Duluth as far west as Canora has gone into effect and the rush, therefore, is much heavier. Settlers' effects also show heavy increases and fifty cars a day are entering Canada from the south over the C.N.R. These cars have an average value of \$1500 each, making a total per day of \$65,000. Last week the C.N.R. handled 195 cars of settlers' effects through Fort Frances and Emerson, including several solid trains. These cars are all destined to points throughout the West.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON XIII.—FIRST QUARTER, FOR MARCH 31, 1912.

Text of the Lesson, a Comprehensive Quarterly Review—Golden Text, Matt. iv. 16—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Lesson I.—The birth of John the Baptist foretold (Luke i. 5-23). Golden Text, Heb. xi. 6, "Without faith it is impossible to please Him." It has been truly said that delay in answering prayer is not denial. The time had not come until now to answer this prayer. "As for God, His way is perfect" (Ps. xlviii. 30). Note the affliction of Zacharias because he did not believe. Let us live in the presence of God, like Gabriel, and go forth from Him.

Lesson II.—The birth of John the Baptist (Luke i. 57-80). Golden Text, Luke i. 68, "Blessed be the Lord God of Israel, for He hath visited and redeemed His people." John the Baptist was to be filled with the Holy Spirit from his birth; Elizabeth was filled when Mary came to see her and spoke to her; Zacharias was filled after he had written that the child's name should be John (verses 15, 41, 67). The Spirit always honors God and Christ.

Lesson III.—The birth of Jesus (Luke ii. 1-20). Golden Text, Luke ii. 11, "For unto you is born this day in the city of David a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord." A world moved by a royal decree brought Mary to Bethlehem that Scripture might be fulfilled. Earth cares not—I mean earth's great ones—but all heaven cares and a few lowly ones on the earth. The shepherds believed and acted accordingly and found as told them.

Lesson IV.—The presentation in the temple (Luke ii. 22-39). Golden Text, Luke ii. 30, 31, R. V., "For mine eyes have seen Thy salvation, which Thou hast prepared before the face of all peoples." The son of a poor woman, so poor that she could bring only the offering appointed for the poorest and yet recognized by Spirit filled Simeon as the salvation of Jehovah, a light for the nations and the glory of Israel.

Lesson V.—The wise men led by the star (Matt. ii. 1-12). Golden Text, Isa. xlv. 22, "Look unto Me and be ye saved, all the ends of the earth, for I am God, and there is none else." They came to Jerusalem to find and to worship the King of the Jews, and, having found Him, they opened their treasures to Him even though He was only a babe in Mary's arms. So all nations will come when He shall be King (Jer. iii. 17).

Lesson VI.—The boy Jesus in the temple (Luke ii. 40-52). Golden Text, Luke ii. 49, R. V., "How is it that ye sought Me? Knew ye not that I must be in My Father's house?" We see Christ, our passover, at His first passover, and yet it was instituted by Him 1,400 years before and is yet to have its complete fulfillment in connection with Israel at His second coming. We must not suppose, as Mary did, but know with certainty.

Lesson VII.—The ministry of John the Baptist (Luke iii. 1-20). Golden Text, Matt. iii. 2, "Repent ye, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand." John was the herald of the Messiah foretold by Isaiah and Malachi, a man great in the sight of the Lord, no greater ever born of woman by ordinary generation, yet, although so faithful, how short his ministry, how strange his end! Let us, like him, point all to Jesus.

Lesson VIII.—The baptism and temptation of Jesus (Mark i. 9-11; Matt. iii. 1-11). Golden Text, Heb. ii. 18, "For in that He Himself hath suffered being tempted He is able to succor them that are tempted." Note the submission of Jesus for our sakes, the opened heaven, the Father's voice, the Spirit as a dove. Then see Him conquering the devil by the sword of the Spirit, leaving us an example.

Lesson IX.—The call of the first disciples (Mark i. 14-25). Golden Text, Matt. ix. 37, 38, "The harvest truly is plenteous, but the laborers are few. Pray ye therefore, * * * Remember the six who were gathered unto Him in John i. 35-41. This is another call to four of the six and an indication of His power over evil spirits. He is ever calling us nearer to Him for service and assuring us of His all-power on our behalf.

Lesson X.—Jesus the healer (Mark i. 29-45). Golden Text, Matt. viii. 17, "Himself took our infirmities and bare our sicknesses." The healing of fever and leprosy with a touch or a word and all manner of disease just as easily gives us an idea of the kingdom where the inhabitant shall not say, I am sick. This kingdom was at hand when Jesus Christ was here, but has been postponed till His return.

Lesson XI.—The paralytic forgiven and healed (Mark ii. 1-12). Golden Text, Ps. ciii. 2, 3, "Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all His benefits who forgiveth, * * * who healeth." * * * The faith of the four friends amply rewarded, the faithless Pharisees rebuked and the sick man healed in body and soul. See the main thing is to come to Jesus; it does not matter how—through the roof or any other way.

Lesson XII.—Feasting and fasting (Mark ii. 13-22). Golden Text, Mark ii. 17, "I came not to call the righteous, but sinners." Let it stand out in large letters that "this man receiveth sinners." Publicans and harlots are welcome if penitent, while self righteous people cannot be received. There must be a new birth before there can be a new life; no patching up the old with a bit of the new, but new all through.

Final Chapter in Tragedy of Maine

Havana.—Solemn funeral rites connected with the sinking of the battleship Maine and with the carrying to their last resting place of the bodies of many of her gallant sailors, were carried out here, the old battleship being sunk in the waters of the Gulf of Mexico, the smoke of the saluting guns of the war vessels serving for a funeral shroud while with paeantry and pomp of national mourning the bodies of the sailors are being brought back to Washington.

FOR 1912 SUMMER.

Lingerie Frock of
Voile and Blue Chiffon.

A CHARMING SUMMER MODEL.

This pretty frock of white voile with an embroidered border is draped over a skirt of blue chiffon deeply hemmed. The cuffs, sailor collar and sash are of blue chiffon, the sash having knotted ends at the back.

Wedding Place Cards.

Dainty place cards are those painted in water colors. Some of the newest show the bride cutting the cake, and for a military wedding she can be using the sword while her adoring spouse stands by in full uniform. Often just the head of the bride is used and cut out so it stands above an oblong card of water color paper.

A pretty candy box place card is in heart shape covered with white satin with a bunch of orange blossoms on top, from which peeps a diminutive Cupid.

Another novelty is small slippers of silver paper or white satin with tiny sequin buckles. In the top is sewed a bag of thin white silk or chiffon, and the slipper is filled with candied violets or mint leaves.

Pretty basket effects in chip or white twisted paper with a border of artificial flowers can be used for entree cups or for individual salted nuts. Equally pretty for either purpose are small baskets with deep handles made of silver paper, the handle tied with orange blossoms and gauze ribbon.

The Wife Who Nags.

The worst thing that the bad fairy could wish upon a man is a nagging, faultfinding wife. The most savory of the dishes prepared by her hand tastes flat and stale if served up with the sauce of her complaints, and the cosiest of homes is a place of unrest if it is the storehouse of her recriminations. Even if there is just cause for jealousy, nagging is an aggravation rather than a cure.

It breeds the spirit of antagonism, and the case of the injured party is hurt rather than helped.

The only safe cure for straying affections is to make oneself so attractive, so agreeable, that the desired love and attention are irresistibly held to their original moorings. Sometimes sudden evidence of indifference awakes the errant one to the fact that the straying may be mutual. Sometimes renewed outbursts of affection, of care and interest, is the tonic of weakened ardor. Sometimes splendid results are accomplished by wearing smart and becoming clothes and brushing up the wits and vivacity.

For the Tourist.

If you expect to go abroad pray that some one may give you one of the convenient cases known as a "Pullman apron."

This is a traveling case of pliable leather that folds into small compass and when open holds in separate compartments brush, comb, mirror, manicure scissors, nail files, wash cloth, soap box, hairpin box, tooth powder and toilet water bottles.

The bought cases are rather costly, but one is easily made at home from pliable leather or suede lined with oil-silk, with straps and pockets for all necessary toilet articles. Leave an extra piece at one end for a flap that buttons down over the double case when closed. Like an envelope flap. No the upper corners sew two inch straps of leather with buckle at one end, through which the other end is slipped.

RAREST SILVER DOLLAR.

It is the Continental Currency Pattern Coin of 1776.

A United States silver pattern dollar, dated 1776 and valued at \$5,000, which was exhibited at Chicago at the convention of the American Numismatic association, brought to the immediate attention of both the general public and collectors of silver a piece which for rarity, value and historical worth completely eclipses the celebrated 1804 dollar or, indeed, any other coin in the United States series, says the Washington Post. Even in some respects it is more interesting than the excessively rare and valuable silver pattern dollar or "mark" of 1793 proposed by Robert Morris, the "financier of the Revolution."

This coin, which is known as the continental currency dollar, is owned by H. O. Granberg of Oshkosh, Wis., and represents unquestionably the very first metallic issue to bear the stamp of the United States, or United Colonies, as the confederation was originally known. The continental dollar preceded by nine years the issue of the first regularly authorized cent of 1781—the Fugio or Franklin cent—and the issue of the latter coin, no doubt, was largely influenced by this first dollar, for it bore its principal features of design.

The continental currency dollar is about the size of an ordinary silver dollar and contains 378 grains of silver. On the obverse the principal design is a sun shining on a sundial, with the word "Fugio" to the left. Below the dial is the motto, "Mind Your Business," a saying attributed to Franklin. This central design is inclosed by two circles, while around the border in large letters is the inscription "Continental Currency, 1776." On the reverse is the circle of thirteen links, each of which bears the name of one of the thirteen colonies. In the center is a radiation which incloses a double circle, in which are the words "American Congress. We Are One."

No definite information as to where the continental currency dollar was made can now be obtained, but it is thought to have been produced by one of the engravers of Birmingham, England, in which city were made many of the coins that were circulated in this country during colonial days.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Treaty That Safeguards the Scenic Beauty of the Cataract.

The United States and Canada have negotiated a treaty which controls the diversion of water from the Niagara river and preserves the scenic grandeur of Niagara falls for all time. The treaty goes into full effect automatically in March, upon the expiration of the law which now limits some of its provisions.

The international agreement was made in response to a general demand that the question of water diversion be settled once and for all in accordance with expert opinion. The treaty makers had exhaustive tests conducted by hydraulic engineers, and it was determined that diversions should not exceed 30,000 cubic feet a second on the Canadian side and 20,000 cubic feet a second on the American side, out of a total flow of 240,000 cubic feet a second.

The use of this quantity of water for power purposes, the engineers found, would not affect the appearance of the falls sufficiently for the eye to detect. Since only about half the quantity permitted by the treaty is now diverted, twice the present horsepower can be produced without endangering the scenic beauty of the cataract.—Exchange.

Rails For Wagons.

An idea new to this country, but already successfully tried in Europe, is the use of iron rails for wagons on heavy grades. As seen in Philadelphia at the Chestnut street bridge, where they are being laid, these rails are about eight inches wide on the top flange. This flange is turned up along the sides. These sides have notches in them so that the wagon wheel will catch instead of slide when it is desired to turn out. These tracks are entirely separate and apart from those on which the trolley cars run.—Philadelphia Record.

Angel of the Campanile.

Venice's Campanile is so near completion that the angel which surmounted it is about to be hoisted to its former place. The angel was shattered when the tower collapsed, but the pieces have been put together again. The head, arms and legs are of solid bronze, the body is made of plates of hammered copper and the whole figure weighs 2,400 pounds. Instead of being fixed as it was before it will be set on a moving base so that the outspread wings will make it act as a weather vane.

Sport of the Antipodes.

A favorite sport in New Zealand, as also in Australia and Tasmania, is competition in wood chopping and sawing, and in these contests, which attract a great deal of interest, the championships are always won through the use of American tools. In fact, the expert woodman working for a prize would never think of using any other kind of tools.

Worse Than the North Pole.

Canada's meteorological service has been making observations of the upper air with sounding balloons for the past year. Of sixteen balloons sent up eight have been recovered to the present writing. The lowest temperature recorded was 94 degrees below zero F. at an altitude of about 8,700 miles.

FATAL TO CRAFT.

Pilgrim Joe's Discovery Will Reform the World.

A PANACEA FOR DISHONESTY.

Do You Lie, Steal, Trade Horses, Corrupt Legislators or Sell Your Vote? Take a Few Doses of the Remover and Note Results.

By M. QUAD.
[Copyright, 1912, by the Associated Literary Press.]

GOOD people all, listen to me. You have known me for the last fifteen years, and you know that every remedy I have brought out has made mankind better.

I was figuring up the other day how many lives my various remedies had saved during the last ten years, and I made the number 5,000,000.

Five million people drawn back from the grave to live on and be happy as they help turn the old earth around on its axis!

Five million men, women and children to attend bargain sales—to read the ads. of the vacuum sweepers—to call for breakfast foods—to believe in the honesty of the coal and ice men!

It is wonderful when you think of it, and all the time I have kept within



"CONFESSION TO THIRTY-SEVEN BURGLARIES."

the specifications of the pure food and drug law, which virtually says to all: "Go ahead with your dope until you are found out. Then get a new one."

Today there are 90,000,000 Americans shuddering over the graft and general dishonesty pervading this fair land. Six months hence there won't be a shudder. There won't be a grafter. There won't be a bribe giver nor a bribe taker. Your milk bottles can be left at the back door for three days at a time and no one will bear them away. Wool will be wool and a yard wide. If your druggist has not got what you want he will not ask you to take hair dye in its place.

No more fresh laid eggs from the cold storage houses. No more dollar shirts reduced to 49 cents.

What It Is.

Behold, I have brought out a compound to be sold and known as Pilgrim Joe's Rascal Remover. One bottle does the business and makes an honest man out of Bill Sikes. All you need do is to pick out the corrupt and throw them on their backs and dose 'em with the remover till you see the change coming. One dose every hour does the business. Tried in 1,000 cases and not a single failure. Read what those who have taken the remedy say about it:

"For thirty years I have been a horse trader and have always got the best of every trade. One day last week I was induced to try a bottle of your remover under the pretense that it was root-beer. It changed me into an honest man. I now point out the ring bones and spavins when I trade, and I am not making a blamed cent at the business. I shall probably bring up in the poorhouse, but shall have the consolation of knowing that I am an honest man."

Another writes: "I was for years a United States senator. About four years ago, business in the senate being slack, I took up a side line with an oil company. Some of the letters I wrote were stolen, and my little side line side lined me back into private life. It is too late for me now, but I heartily recommend your remover to every member of the present senate. No use trying to work any side lines, as you are sure to be caught at it."

It Cured Him.

A senator now in the public eye writes: "I have been charged with bribing the legislature to elect me to my present position. I have denied it right along and made some folks think I was an object of persecution. The other day I was kidnapped and held in an old sawmill for thirty hours and dosed with your remover every sixty minutes. When set at liberty I owned right up to bribery and am saying so yet. There are other crimes that I shall confess to later on. I cannot praise you. You have brought about my downfall while the senate was trying to find some way to whitewash me."

A member of an eastern legislature writes: "I accepted a bribe of \$500 to vote for a certain bill and had nearly got away with the dough when a friend brought me a bottle of your remover. He had soaked the label off, but recommended it for indignation.

When I had taken the above a fair like bragging over that same. When I had taken ten I wanted to tell everybody how easy it was to make a thousand. At the fifteenth, however, I began to call myself a scoundrel, and when I had taken the full bottle I owned right up to that I was unfit for public trust. I didn't want to, but something compelled. I shall live an honest life after this, and it brings tears to my eyes to think how many cold potatoes there will be in it."

A Bitter Plait.

A professional burglar writes: "A few days ago I was a burglar with a song in my heart and business never better. Now where am I? I had been a burglar for fifteen years and was doing well at it when a politician tipped me off about your remover. He warned me that our business would be gone if we took it, but in my excitement I swallowed the contents of a bottle within an hour. Result—I went to the police and confessed to thirty-seven burglaries and was at once locked up. Had to confess and will get about fourteen years for being an honest man. I hereby warn all other burglars against your remover. It will ruin the noble profession. It will make us honest but poor men and let the cold storage companies have the entire field."

A county treasurer who got away with \$16,000 and was living happily down in Texas writes: "I took eighteen doses of your remover under the impression that it was a kidney remedy. Hadn't a thought of making restitution before I took the first dose; now I am going back to my old town and hand over \$12,000 and offer to work for a dollar a day until the balance is paid up. You ought to be hung for bringing out such a compound. There is only starvation for the thousands of honest men it will make."

What It Did For Her.

A woman writes: "I was married to a good man twenty years ago, and every night for the last nineteen years I have made it my business to slip out of bed and go through his pockets and then lie to him when he missed his cash in the morning. I took ten doses of your remover last week to remove facial wrinkles, and the result is that I have turned over to my husband almost \$3,000 that I had robbed him of and have been brought to see my crime in all its heinousness. I think you ought to change it so that wives can continue to accumulate small sums at odd hours of the night. Make it apply to men only."

Thousands of such letters are pouring in by every mail. Some of them are heartrending to read, but all go to prove the efficacy of my wonderful remover. There is nothing like it. It compels honesty and truth in every instance.

Do you suspect your alderman? Throw him on his back and dope him and the truth will come out.

Do you believe your state senator is square? Kidnap him and make him take from ten to twenty doses.

Is there anything shady in the record of your congressman? From ten to twenty doses of the remover will bring him into the limelight.

Ask for the remover and don't take French peas, which are colored with copper sulphate, in its stead. There is only one Pilgrim Joe and only one remover.

Not Natural.

"Are you feeling perfectly well now, Mrs. Perkins?"

"Yes, I'm well enough."

"I thought Dr. Bright would be able to cure you. You must feel awfully happy."

"I really can't say that I do. Somehow I can't make it seem just right not to have any medicine in the house to take."—Chicago Record-Herald.

From Missouri.

At an inquest in Elliptwood a doctor was testifying. "Where did the motorcar strike him?" the coroner asked. "At the junction of the dorsal and cervical vertebrae," replied the medical man.

"Will you please point that out on the map?" said the coroner, pointing to a map of Barton county on the wall. —Kansas City Star.

A Close Quarter.

"I approach you in a worthy cause, Mr. Titewadd. We want to raise \$100,000. A prominent philanthropist offers to contribute a quarter of it."

"Oh, well," said Mr. Titewadd hastily. "I don't mind giving another quarter. Can you change a half?"—House-keeper.

Statistical.

Probably if the statistics were available it would be found that seven of every ten men feel natural when they feel mean.—Galveston News.

Not That Kind.

Chester—See the lady lug on the dresser? Archie—That's not a lady bug. Lady bugs never go into young gentlemen's rooms.

Chester—But this a landlady bug—Suburban Life.

Nailed.

Householder—Here, drop that coat and clear out! Burglar—You be quiet or I'll wake your wife and give her this letter I found in your pocket. —New York Mail.

Natural History.

The Wall street novice doth proclaim His plight, with mournful note: "Unto this place a lamb I came, And now I am the goat!" —Washington Star.

THE HORSEMAN.

The care of a horse's feet is the arable is of the greatest importance in preventing lameness.

Wetting the hoofs with a sponge and clean water every day or simply dipping each foot into a pail of water will keep the feet from becoming dry. Water is much better than any hoof oil.

Packing the feet is good, but if the water treatment is begun while the feet are in good condition packing will never be necessary. Watch the blacksmith. Never allow the heels to be drawn in.

The slabbering horse may be in need of more grain, or it may be that its teeth need dulling.

In the purchase of a new horse always purchase a mare. She will raise you some colts, which will increase the farm profits.

FATTENING STEERS.

Value of Cottonseed Cake as Part of the Ration For Stock.

Cold pressed cottonseed cake is the byproduct remaining after the whole seeds have been crushed to extract the oil, says Kansas Farmer. It differs from the ordinary cottonseed cake in that the latter has the hulls and lint removed, the kernels heated and placed between cloths and then pressed to extract the oil.

Cold pressed cake contains the hulls and short lint, while the ordinary cake does not. For this reason the ordinary cake is richer in protein.

The cake is ground into meal for feeding purposes, and while the animals could doubtless eat the cake if broken up, it pays well to grind it.

Being very rich in protein, cottonseed cake is always used as a concentrate and cannot be compared with corn, which is not.

It is an excellent concentrate with which to balance up a ration for almost any farm animal, and alfalfa hay is one of the best things to feed with it. As cottonseed meal cannot be used for a grain ration, corn or some other grain should be used with it.

The best ration reported by the Illinois station for steer fattening was composed of sixteen and six-tenths pounds of cornmeal, two and nine-tenths pound of oilmeal and eight and seven-tenths pound of clover hay. On this ration the steers made a gain of two and four-tenths pounds per day in a test of 186 days on 1,000 pound steers. Alfalfa hay can be substituted for clover hay.

In feeding sheep a Scottish test showed the best results from a ration composed of eight-tenths pound of oil cake, four-tenths pound of hay and thirteen and five-tenths pounds of turnips, on which the sheep gained thirty-six hundredths pound per day. Sugar beets could be substituted for turnips by feeding a smaller quantity.

A Michigan test was made with nine-tenths pound of dried beef pulp or molasses beet pulp, three-tenths pound of oil meal and one and three-tenths pounds of clover hay, on which the sheep gained thirty-four hundredths pound per day. Alfalfa hay can be substituted for clover in any ration by using a somewhat smaller amount.

Cottonseed meal is a valuable concentrate with which to balance up the ration for beef or dairy cattle, hogs, horses or sheep, and the rations given above are average rations. Begin the feeding period with a small amount of cottonseed meal in the ration and gradually increase it. Fattening steers may begin on one pound per day and increase to as high as six or eight pounds.

Ration For Growing Pigs.

Growing pigs should receive, where it is possible, some skim milk. An ideal ration would be to mix some middlings with skim milk and feed them about three pounds of the slop for each one pound of corn. In other words, feed about three pounds of skim milk to one pound of corn. Buttermilk is also a good feed for pigs and can be used in lieu of skim milk. If no skim milk is obtainable, then we would mix the middlings in water and feed it with corn, as above. The best results are obtained when a variety of feed is given. It is not wise to have either corn or middlings or skim milk form the entire ration for the pig. Better results are obtained when they are fed together. In the absence of skim milk a fourth to a third of a pound of tankage may be fed daily. Blood meal is also used when skim milk cannot be obtained.

Teasing Farm Animals.

Don't let your boys or the neighbors' boys "pick" on the animals, says the Farm Journal. It pleases the immature intellect of a half grown lad to see the mule launch an unavailable kick at agile tormentors, to pull the bull's tail and see him make a wild dash at the air, to tickle the helpless horse and see him caper unadvisedly; but, as sure as you live, some one's going to pay the piper. Some day the animal is going to get his innings, and some entirely innocent person, perhaps a woman who never injured a helpless creature in her life, will be killed or injured. Then it is not good for the boy. He grows up cruel and heartless and is tyrannical to humans as well as to brutes. Better stop it at once.

Cow Management.

In the management of the cows there should be as little excitement as possible, and an effort should be made to milk, feed, water and clean the animals at fixed and regular times. Regularity in everything connected with them will pay.

For the Children

Tails of Sandy Brown,
a Noble Collie Dog.

Sandy Brown is always happy. You can't make him cross and glum. Tease him and he won't be snappy—He's a dandy for a chum. Doesn't care if boots are muddy. Though his eyes and wits are keen, He's no such a "fuddy-duddy" As to ask if boots are clean.

Sandy saved my life last winter. I thought that the ice was sound. And fell through, but he's a spry one. And soon had me on dry ground. Not a single streak of yellow. In him can you ever strike. Sandy's just the kind of fellow That a fellow's bound to like!

He sticks closer than a brother; Right by me you'll see him jog. Rain or shine. There's only mother Good as Sandy Brown, my dog. —St. Nicholas

The Hypnotic Trick.

If you have in your company any persons good natured enough to appreciate a joke on himself the following trick will furnish much fun: Announce that you will hypnotize any friend who is willing to follow your directions. Retire from the room and take two cups and saucers. Put your own carefully aside. Then take the other saucer and hold it over a lamp or candle until the under part is covered with soot. Put the cup back in the saucer. Fill the cups with water. Then tell your friend who is to be hypnotized that it is impossible for the spell to work unless he follows your directions exactly. Present him with a cup and saucer. Tell him to hold these in his left hand and, looking straight into your eyes and nowhere else, to do exactly what you do. Then dip the fingers of your right hand in the water, rub them on the under side of your saucer and make cabalistic passes over your forehead and cheeks. The patient to be hypnotized will do the same, and as the under side of his saucer is thick with soot every cabalistic pass will leave its mark. The effect on the part of the company, who are entirely unprepared for this denouement, soon enlightens the victim.

Game of Broken Hearts.

Heart shaped red cards about 3 by 2 1/2 inches are provided. The children are seated in a line or a circle. Every fourth child is given a pair of scissors and each one a heart shaped card on a book or magazine. Each child is to cut his heart twice across so as to make four pieces. The cuts should be perfectly straight, but should intersect each other and may go in any direction. After the heart is cut once the pieces should be held together till the second cut has been made. Each child then mixes his pieces and passes them to his neighbor on the right. At a signal each child tries to put his puzzle together, and the first child who succeeds calls out to that effect. Each child then mixes his puzzle and passes it on to his right hand neighbor as before. This is kept up for a half hour, when time is called and the child with the biggest score receives a prize.

The Secretary.

This is a good pencil game. The players sit at a table with square pieces of paper and pencils, and each one writes his own name at the top of the paper and, folding it over so that the name does not show, hands it to the secretary, who redistributes the papers, saying, "Character." Then each one writes some imaginary character description, folds the paper again and hands it to the secretary, who says, "Future," and shuffles and distributes the papers as before.

Some forecast for the future is then written. The secretary may suggest as many other subjects as he chooses or can think of and when ready may call in the papers and read them aloud. They are often curious and very amusing. This is on the order of the old game of "consequences," but with more chance for originality and variety.

Washington's Etiquette.

Every action in company ought to be some sign of respect to those present. In the presence of others sing not to yourself with a humming noise but drum with your fingers or feet.

Speak not when others speak, sit not when others stand and wait not when others stop.

Turn not your back to others, especially in speaking.

Be no flatterer; neither trifle with any one that does not delight in such familiarities.

Read no letters, books or papers in company except when necessary; they ask to be excused.

Come not near the books or writing of any one so as to read them unasked. Let your countenance be pleasant, but in serious matters somewhat grave.

Baby O'Grundy.

Was born on a Monday, Walked on a Tuesday, Wore trousers on Wednesday, Played football on Thursday, Was mugged on Friday, Grew whiskers on Saturday, Fell in love Sunday, And that was the end Of Baby O'Grundy.

Business Men the Local

They Excel as Advertising Mediums and Constitute Great Force for Good in the Country.

The following article is written by Arthur Brisbane of the New York Evening Journal:

We have more than once called the attention of business men and citizens in general to the important work that is done by the editors of the SMALLER NEWSPAPERS and to the great value of those newspapers AS ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.

IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE TO KEEP THIS GOVERNMENT GOING, IMPOSSIBLE AT LEAST TO KEEP REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT ALIVE IN THIS COUNTRY, IF IT WERE NOT FOR THE THOUSANDS OF NEWSPAPER EDITORS SCATTERED THROUGHOUT THE LAND, EVERY ONE OF THEM A WATCHER AND AN OBSERVER, A VIGILANT POLICEMAN IN POLITICS AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS.

Wherever two railroads cross and there is a town or village, there is, fortunately for the country, a local editor.

The editor WATCHES THE TWO RAILROADS. HE WATCHES THE AFFAIRS OF HIS TOWNSHIP, COUNTY, PROVINCE AND DOMINION.

He talks daily or weekly to his fellow citizens concerning affairs that most vitally interest them. He is for them AN EYE THAT DOES NOT SLEEP, a man alert and devoted to those that are his constituents.

If the railroad crossing kills too many, if the railroads combine to charge too much or serve too poorly, if the judge, governor or mayor seems more of a railroad official than a people's official, the editor is there to tell about it.

The local editor speaks to his readers AS ONE FRIEND SPEAKS TO ANOTHER.

They know him by sight. They know his record. They know the high fight that he has made and is making. They know for how small a reward he renders efficient, unselfish service. AND A WORD from him means more than MANY COLUMNS from some anonymous and unknown "editor of the big city."

A man writing fearlessly in some representative member's home town can do more to KEEP THAT PUBLIC OFFICIAL "STRAIGHT" than all the metropolitan newspapers put together.

Public men know the power of the local editor and of the local newspaper. It is a pity that the BUSINESS MEN OF THE COUNTRY ARE IGNORANT OF THAT POWER.

Every individual, every newspaper, every concern of every sort in Canada, DEPENDS ON THE GENERAL PROSPERITY AND AVERAGE INTELLIGENCE OF THE COUNTRY.

The man who has something really worth while to advertise could, if he would use the local newspapers intelligently, multiply his sales by ten, MAKE HIMSELF KNOWN TO MILLIONS that do not now know him and put himself at the head of his line of competition.

If the automobile manufacturers who attract attention just at this moment would put their advertising intelligently in the local newspapers, paying a good, fair rate and offering good value, they could very soon increase the output of automobiles.

The smallest of the country newspapers has among its readers one or five or ten or a hundred men that could be made to buy a car now and will buy one sooner or later. Some intelligent automobile manufacturer with the right kind of product will realize this and sell tens of thousands of cars through the local newspapers before his competitors know what has happened.

THE AVERAGE OF PROSPERITY AND OF WEALTH AMONG THE READERS OF A COUNTRY NEWSPAPER IS FAR GREATER THAN AMONG THE READERS OF A METROPOLITAN DAILY, AND, IN PROPORTION TO THE COST OF ADVERTISING, INTELLIGENT PUBLICITY THROUGH THE COUNTRY NEWSPAPER GIVES BY FAR THE BEST RESULTS.

AND THE PROSPERITY AND THE INTELLIGENCE OF THE COUNTRY DEPEND UPON THE WORK DONE BY SOMETHING LIKE TWO THOUSAND NEWSPAPERS, MOST OF THEM SMALL AND POORLY PAID FOR THEIR WORK, THROUGHOUT CANADA.

What we have said about automobile advertising refers to advertising in other lines. The dwellers in the cities, readers of the metropolitan

Should Help Newspaper

The Citizen Who Buys His Local Paper Gets His Money Returned Many Times Over in Protection.

dailies, have before their eyes the temptations and attractions of the great stores which cannot be reached by the readers of the country newspapers. If our business men realized their opportunities they would fight for extended parcel post, and they would MAKE OF EVERY COUNTRY NEWSPAPER AN ACTIVE DISTRIBUTING AGENCY, DOUBLING AND TREBLING THE COUNTRY'S PROSPERITY AND INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY.

Very few realize what it means when a man undertakes the publication of a daily or a weekly newspaper in a small place.

The editor risks everything, poverty, bankruptcy, indifference of the public, and at best his reward can be very small.

Many of us, of course, would feel happier if we could begin our work with a life pension that would free us from all care ever afterward. But the country editor goes to work with NO PENSION AND NO GUARANTY. He asks no pension, no cash in advance, only FAIR PLAY AND A CHANCE TO WORK.

That is why we have in the past and to-day tried and shall in the future try to impress on our readers and on big advertisers the fact that THEY SHOULD DO THEIR SHARE TOWARD SUPPORTING THE LOCAL PRESS OF THIS COUNTRY. They would be and could be no philanthropy about it. Simply WISE SELF INTEREST should make every citizen buy his local paper and make every advertiser contribute according to his means to the SUPPORT OF THE LOCAL PRESS.

THE CITIZEN THAT BUYS HIS LOCAL PAPER GETS HIS MONEY BACK MANY TIMES OVER IN PROTECTION OF HIS INTERESTS. AND THE MAN WHO ADVERTISES WIDELY AND WISELY IN THE LOCAL PRESS GETS HIS MONEY BACK MANY TIMES OVER IN CASH RETURNS.

The people should not be niggardly in support of those that do good work. Business men and the public generally should be especially BROAD MINDED AND LIBERAL in their support of the local newspapers that REPRESENT AND TENSIFY PUBLIC OPINION throughout the country.

THE EDITORIAL COLUMNS AND THE NEWS COLUMNS OF THE LOCAL NEWSPAPER ARE TODAY WHAT THE TOWN MEETING USED TO BE IN THE OLD DAYS. IN THE LOCAL NEWSPAPER THE CITIZENS MEET MENTALLY AND DISCUSS AND THINK ALONG THE SAME LINES. THE EDITOR IS THE PRESIDING OFFICER OF AN IMPORTANT LOCAL GATHERING. HE IS THE CUSTODIAN AND PROTECTOR OF LOCAL INTERESTS. THE DAILY AND WEEKLY INTERPRETER OF NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL EVENTS. HE IS THE SCHOOL TEACHER FOR GROWNUPS, THE MAN WHO USES HIS EYES, HIS EARS, HIS KNOWLEDGE OF THE COUNTRY, HIS POWERS OF OBSERVATION, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE BUSY MEN AND WOMEN AROUND HIM.

The day will come when this work will be RECOGNIZED AND REWARDED as it should be. And this newspaper will be very proud to have had a hand in hurrying along that day.

GRASS IS CHEAP—BUT WHO'D EAT IT?

Low cost of production doesn't mean high profits any more than low cost of food necessarily means high living.

Of course, if you can get both quality and cheapness it's all the better.

CIRCULATION IS LIFE.

A newspaper may have Circulation and not be a Success—but no newspaper can be a Success without Circulation. To increase circulation means to achieve more Influence—to gain in Power—to enlarge Opportunity.

"A city set upon a hill cannot be hid." That's why "it Pays to Advertise." It pays the merchant to Advertise—provided he advertises Judiciously. Advertising in Your Newspaper is Judicious—provided Your Newspaper circulates Extensively. Your Newspaper circulates Extensively—provided you put into practice the sermons on Advertising that you were ordained to preach to others.

SACCHUS TURNED DOWN.

Englishmen No Longer Look on "Flowing Bowl" With Approbation.

While the use of intoxicants among English women, especially those who may be termed the "middle class," is said to be decidedly on the increase, drinking formerly regarded as a necessity to health and happiness among the men of England is rapidly losing prestige.

"Even in business," writes a Londoner, "it is no longer the thing to introduce liquor at every commercial deal. At one time it was considered an impossibility to negotiate anything unless the delicate wheels of commerce were oiled with good strong drink. But modern business men have exploded that idea, and drinking during business hours is almost confined nowadays to lunch time, and even then on a considerably less lavish scale than a decade ago. The business man of to-day is no longer afraid of stone-ginger, and if he wants to be particularly festive at lunch time he may go to the extent of a lager—but only occasionally. As to the nip before lunch, that is almost entirely confined to the old school; if the younger generation feels faint about 11 a.m. it hies itself to a milk shop, without fear or shame. Such a proceeding twenty years ago would have earned a man the chaff of the whole office or shop. Even commercial travelers no longer need to use drink as a persuader of trade; those who do, I am authoritatively informed, are poor hands at their craft. And our ambassadors of commerce have signalled their lack of faith in fermented liquor by entirely abolishing the old ceremony of the wine dinner in the commercial room.

"The habit is on the decline, and if further proof were needed one has but to turn to the popular songs of the day and in doing so, one is immediately impressed by the absence of drinking songs. The praise of drink is almost absent from our music halls, and popular taste is nowhere so sensitively registered as in such places. "The inebriated roistering of songs like 'Beer! beer! glorious beer!' and 'We were all boozed, every blessed one of us! of a dozen or more years ago, are no longer in demand. One might say the hiccup is no longer heard on the vaudeville stage."

Such Is Fame.

Here is one of Arnold Bennett's after-dinner fables:

"There was a young man," he said, "who wrote, after ten years' labor, a humorous novel that was a masterpiece, but the critics said that it lacked the essential grip of tragedy."

"So the young man visited a seer. "I can write humorously, but not tragically," he said. "Can you aid me to put a tragic string to my lyre?" "To be sure," the seer replied. And he produced a crystal vial of liquid. "Drink this, and tragedy shall be added unto you."

"The young man swallowed the liquid; and, after more years' labor, produced a tragic masterpiece. But the critics now said that this work was depressing—it lacked, they said, all those amusing touches which had made his first book such a success."

"So, no longer young, he sought the seer again. "What now?" the old man asked. "You have the gift of humor and the gift of tragedy, what now do you require?"

"I want to please the critics," said the other. "The seer gravely produced another vial. 'Drink this,' he said, 'and you will have the critics at your feet.'"

"The author swallowed the liquid, then uttered a loud cry, and fell headlong. The next morning's newspapers proved the potency of the elixir well, for every one of them contained an obituary praising the genius of the dead man to the skies."

An Unknown Region.

Of the few remaining unexplored regions of the earth one of the most interesting is that part of the great river Brahmaputra, just north of the British frontier in Tibet. It is now generally believed that the Brahmaputra of Assam and the Tsangpo of Tibet are one and the same river. Yet it has not hitherto been possible to prove this, and there are still 100 miles of connecting waters not yet explored. Attempts to prove the connection by floating marked logs from the upper waters have failed. This may be due to sharp bends in the river, or to the existence of cataracts. Something smaller in the nature of floats might be more successful, as being less likely to be arrested in transit. There is said to be an enormous difference in level between the two portions of the river, no less than 10,000 feet in 130 miles, or about one in 65. The reason why this region has remained unknown is the extreme roughness of the country, and the savage nature of the Aborigines who inhabit it.

\$500 Bibles.

Nowadays it is possible to obtain a full copy of the Bible for a humble copper.

In the time of Henry V., however, Bibles in manuscript cost nearly \$500. But this war-like monarch, some time after the Battle of Agincourt, in 1415, ordered "Biblia Pauperum," which were intended for the use of those who could not afford to pay so large a sum as \$500.

That these Bibles were extensively used is shown by the fact that there are to-day only five copies known, none of which is in a perfect state. Each Bible contains beautiful pictures taken from various incidents in the Scriptures, engraved by the relief method on wood. The "Biblia Pauperum" is classed with the "books of images" with text.

Diamonds in Australia.

It may come as a surprise to many people to learn that there is a valuable diamond field being worked in Australia, and parcels of diamonds are regularly being sent to cutters in Amsterdam. It is said that Copeton, in New South Wales, promises to be an active field for years yet. It has been working with success for four years, and annually thousands of carats of diamonds are won from it.

NOVA SCOTIA TREASURE

COMPANY IS DIGGING FOR A REMARKABLE HOARD.

Oak Island Is the Scene of Operations Which Are Stranger Than Fiction—At a Depth of 150 Feet Under the Ground the Boring Tools Have Struck Metal, Oak, Cement and Sheepskin With Lettering.

Another attempt is to be made to solve the mystery of the famous money pit on Oak Island, in Mahone Bay, Nova Scotia. At the last attempt made some years ago some very remarkable discoveries were made, but for certain reasons they were not advertised abroad. As in the case of their predecessors, the treasure-seekers on this occasion were balked by uncanny accidents which destroyed the labors of many months, but the tale of their doings is the most interesting and most convincing chapter in the history of this amazing quest for treasure trove. They demonstrated beyond a doubt that at a depth of over 150 feet below the surface of the ground something encased in cement and oak-wood lies buried, and that a tunnel was constructed to permit the sea-water to flow into the pit and baffle the efforts of anyone who did not know the secret of shutting off the sea to raise whatever may be at the bottom of the pit.

Captain J. W. Welling, who had charge of the operations on the last occasion when an attempt was made to solve the mystery, consented the other day to tell the story of his adventures and discoveries.

"When I went on the island to take charge of the work there, I was very sceptical," he said. "I had no money invested in the enterprise, and did not take any stock in the story of buried treasure. I got into it in this way. Some time previous I had left a ship and gone home to Amherst. I had hardly got there before some of my friends came to me, told me they had formed a company to search for the treasure on Oak Island, and asked me to go down and take charge of the work. They said the man they had appointed manager was not giving satisfaction, and that so far he had done little or nothing."

"Well, I laughed at them, and told them that they could find better use for money than putting it in holes in Oak Island. But they had the treasure-hunting fever, and insisted that I take the job. So at last I consented and went down to the island. I found very little had been done, and that things were about as they had been represented to me, and wrote back home advising my friends to quit. But they told me to go ahead. So I got a new gang of men, most of them good miners, and went to work. I had only been at work a short time when a strange thing happened. An old man who said he was from the United States came to the island, and declared he could tell just where the treasure was, if it consisted of gold. He had a divining rod, and he began to experiment with it. After a few moments he said we were digging in the wrong place, and, stepping aside a few yards, told us we would find the treasure under the place where he was standing. Then he walked away, and his divining rod kept pointing towards the place he said the treasure was. He spent a little time taking measurements along the surface of the ground and noting the angles of his divining rod. Then he made some calculations and informed us that the treasure was located at a depth of between 150 and 160 feet."

"After that I took the old man in a boat and rowed him off the island. At a mile away his divining rod pointed towards the Money Pit, at a great angle with the perpendicular, and three miles away it still pointed towards the Money Pit. The old man was a bit excited. He said there must be a big quantity of treasure buried there."

"And this old man did another peculiar thing. He said: 'I hear there is a tunnel running from the pit to the shore below low water; I've never seen a map of the island, and don't know where the tunnel is, but I'll wager any money you like I'll show you just where it runs.' Then he got a small switch, took a turn around the Money Pit, and started off to the shore, walking right over the line of the tunnel. When he came near the shore he said: 'Now, that's funny. The water seems to me as far down here as it is near the Pit.'"

"The old man went away, and I have never seen or heard of him from that day to this. At the time I did not take any stock in what he said. I was satisfied that we were digging in the right spot, and that nobody would dig a hole 150 feet deep to bury anything in. We supposed then that the mystery was located at a depth of a little over 100 feet. As for the tunnel, we thought it sloped up from the pit towards the low water mark."

"Well, we kept on working in the pit, which we supposed was the Money Pit. We were bothered a great deal with water, but with the aid of pumps we managed to get down to a depth of 105, where we struck a cross tunnel, driven by the Halifax Company. We worked through this tunnel, and found that it ran into a shaft which had been roofed over. And this shaft was exactly in the position the old man with the divining rod said the Money Pit was located."

"Going to the surface we broke ground over this shaft and worked down thirty feet, when we struck a solid platform which had evidently been placed there by the Halifax Company, and from which they had filled the pit to the surface. At the bottom of the shaft the water boiled in a peculiar manner described by former excavators, and we concluded it was the Money Pit."

"We cleaned out this pit and worked down to 113 feet, at which depth on the side next to Smith's Cove we came to what we supposed to be the entrance to the pirate tunnel. At any rate, we found in the puddled clay wall of the Pit a space about three feet wide filled with beach stones. From among the stones and gravel I

found a chip of wood and a piece of bark. The beach stones were exactly like the stones on the beach at Smith's Cove, and if you go there to-day you can notice the places where large quantities of stones were removed from the beach years ago.

"In the meantime, we had been boring in the Money Pit. Our machine had been set up over the pit mouth, and we commenced boring a two and a half inch hole. As I said, the pit had been opened to a depth of 113 feet, but it was then full of water to tide level, which was about 32 feet below the surface. At a depth of 126 feet we bored through oak wood in good preservation, and struck the edge of a piece of iron. An attempt to pipe this hole was made, but the pipe was turned by the iron obstruction and went off to one side through puddled clay. When it was drawn out the side of the pipe was cut as if with a coal chisel for 11-2 inches, and a piece was broken off."

"We then attached a 1-1/2 inch drill to the machine, worked past the iron at 126 feet, and continued on down. At 153 feet 8 inches we struck what was first thought to be sandstone, but was afterwards found to be hard cement. We bored through 5 inches of cement, and then through 7 inches of solid oak wood. When through the wood the augur dropped about 1-2 inches and rested upon what seemed to be soft metal. The augur was carefully withdrawn and the borings were preserved. Among these borings was a small piece of sheepskin parchment upon which were written characters—apparently parts of the letters "vi" or "ui" or "wi."

"When the augur was withdrawn it was replaced by a boring chisel, and with this by twisting the rods we managed in the course of five hours or more to work down through 2 feet 8 inches of metal in pieces, and struck a soft metal into which we could force the chisel and make it stick. We hauled up the chisel and found it was as sharp as when it went down."

"We then decided to pipe this hole and try to secure a sample of the metal. With this idea in view we lowered a small pipe, but though we managed to get it past the obstruction at 126 feet it was turned: from its course, did not go down to the cement, and the hole was lost."

"The company's funds were exhausted by that time, and the bigger shareholders were adverse to the idea of taking in outsiders. They thought that they would be able to raise the money necessary to get more pumps and boilers on their own account in a short time, and it was decided to floor the bottom of the Money Pit and put everything in shape to withstand the water and prevent the cribbing from settling, which was accordingly done, and the work was abandoned in the hope of being able to resume operations in a short time."

"But the four men who were the life and soul of the company all died within three months."

"After that a dozen men in Amherst held a meeting and agreed to raise the money necessary to go on with the work; but somebody had been telling tales of the very strange things that had befallen us during the course of our labors, and some of their lady friends convinced them that the island was enchanted, and that some witchcraft guarded that box of metal in the Money Pit."

Although Captain Welling went to Oak Island in a sceptical frame of mind, his experience there made him a firm believer in the existence of a great treasure in the Money Pit, and after the death of the four principal men in the old company, he and Mr. F. L. Blair, of Amherst, Nova Scotia, took over the lease of the island. Many people are familiar with the legend that Captain Kidd buried \$100,000,000 on Oak Island, a legend which arose from the discovery by some of the earlier diggers of a flat stone bearing an inscription which somebody said conveyed the information which is the basis of the legend. But Captain Welling believes the treasure was put there long before Kidd's time, and that it is a much bigger treasure than Kidd gathered together. And certainly it is impossible to imagine any body of men burying an oak box encased in cement and full of soft metal at a depth of over one hundred and fifty feet on a secluded island, and to construct a tunnel which must have cost months of weary labor, unless they had a tremendous treasure to hide—some great religious or national treasure. And, then, what of the mystery beyond the piece of iron at a depth of 10 feet? The whole story of this island is amazing; but Captain Welling's discoveries only deepened the mystery."

When the piece of parchment which the augur brought up from the box was sent to a professor in Nova Scotia who knows something about such things, he pronounced it to be a piece of very old sheepskin parchment. In order that there might be no doubt of the matter, this man sent it to an authority in Boston without explaining where it came from. The Boston expert wrote back that the specimen sent him was a piece of sheepskin parchment of a kind that had not been manufactured for 250 years, and that the characters on it had been written by a quill pen using Indian ink."

As to the tunnel, there seems to be satisfactory evidence that it was the work of men. The Halifax Company which made an effort to solve the mystery in 1850 made some interesting discoveries on the shore of Smith's Cove. With a view to locating the inlet to the tunnel they removed the sand and gravel covering the beach, and came to a covering of bed of a brown, fibrous plant, resembling the husk of a coconut. This fibre, specimens of which were previously found in the Money Pit, was proved to be a tropical plant, and in former times was used as dunnage in stowing the cargo of ships. This bed of brown fibre was two inches in depth and spread over a considerable area. Underlying this was four or five inches of decayed sea-grass, and under this was a compact mass of beach stones free from sand."

Captain Welling, who with F. L. Blair, of Amherst, N.S., holds a lease of Oak Island, is at present chief officer of the Government dredge W. S. Fielding, engaged in deepening the entrance to the harbor of St. John.

Cookery Points

How to Serve an Informal Dinner.

An informal home dinner, if the guests are served much as the formal one. An exception may be made in the item of soup. This may be served on the table from the tureen. But one soup plate at a time is placed before the host or hostess, whichever one may serve. These are taken from the sideboard by the maid as each required. Then it is passed to the guest at the right of the hostess.

Fish may be served by the host or in the same manner, but as many four plates at a time may be placed for serving before the host.

Entrées are always served from the side table.

All sauces and also the vegetable are served from the side table and the left side of each guest.

If the host desires the salad may be dressed and served at the table.

It is the duty of the hostess to see that dessert if this is not served from the side and pour the coffee.

Though the cream and sugar for coffee are passed at the left of the diner, the coffee is placed at the right. Wine is not necessary. The lead water and bread are on the table before the guests enter the dining room; a bonbons and hors d'oeuvres may be on the table.

At informal dinners and luncheons the service plate may be omitted.

Wholesome Sandwiches.

It was the memory of a delicious little which inspired a woman to serve brown bread sandwiches spread with horseradish and sugar with her afternoon tea the other day. It was a noon of afternoon, and the simplicity of the horseradish was a delightful. The horseradish, of course, been mixed with vinegar, a slightest possible amount used, and was sprinkled lightly with powdered sugar. The brown bread was made whole wheat and graham flour, was cut as thin as possible, the bread sandwiches sprinkled with sugar are a delight in one household where everybody has a sweet tooth. It is one of the fashionable "nervous tonic" has been cultivated as much by the goodies in the way of cakes and bonbons served at daily teas as any thing else. Sweet sandwiches are twice as healthy and to most persons are a welcome relief from the universal American cake habit.

Turkey Salad.

Roast turkey left from dinner makes delicious salad. Season with capers and dressed with mayonnaise. The usual directions call for equal parts of meat and celery, but there is no hard and fast rule. The amount of the meat on hand and the taste of the family are strong considerations. The meat left from roast fowl of any kind makes a delicious soufflé. An old rule calls for two cups of meat chopped fine, a cupful of breadcrumbs, a cupful of white sauce and two eggs, the yolks beaten creamy and added to the mixture, and the whites beaten stiff, folded in at the last minute. Bake about fifteen or twenty minutes and send directly from the oven to the table.

Homemade Corn Popper.

A woman looking for an electric corn popper the other day found that she had everything needful for such a utensil except a ten cent popper of the usual long handle and wire cage. There is a little oblong electric toaster that comes complete with gridiron toaster which makes an ideal arrangement for popping corn, and it is an improvement over the gas or coal as for it may be used on any table in house with a tray under it. It does not heat the face, and the heat is very even. The smallest popper is best for it.

Chicken a la King.

One breast of chicken, two boiled potatoes, one pint of cream sauce and two boiled green peppers. Fry in a sauté pan the sliced green peppers, pour over them a thin cream sauce and let boil for about five minutes. Add to it the sliced chicken and sliced potatoes, let simmer for a while, season with salt and pepper to taste, finish with a piece of butter and serve very hot in a chafing dish with toast on the side. Mushrooms may be used instead of potatoes if desired.

Pot Roast.

Take any kind of meat; put in a iron pot a tablespoonful of meat fryings or butter; let it brown; wash off the roast and put into the pot. After it begins to fry pour in enough water to half cover the meat, season with pepper and salt, cover and stew slowly. As the meat begins to fry add more water; turn it often and cook about three hours. A half hour before serving add either Irish or sweet potatoes or turnips and let them brown with the meat.

Split Pea Soup.

Take one pint of split peas and two quarts of water, cold. Wash the peas and let soak overnight in water. In the morning simmer them until now at least, strain through a sieve, removing all hard particles. Season with pepper and salt. Add one-half cupful of sweet cream or small lumps of butter. This recipe makes one quart of soup.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR DISTRICTS

Chairman McNicol of Dry-Farming Congress Exposition Makes Statement.

Mr. J. W. McNicol, chairman of the Dry-Farming Products Exposition, in an address before the Alberta Fair association at Calgary, speaking of "The International Dry-Farming Congress and Exposition and the Opportunity it presents to the Agricultural Societies of the Province," said:

"For the past three or four years the Southern end of the Province, as represented by Cardston, Macleod, Taber and Lethbridge, has been giving special attention to the International Dry-Farming Congress and Exposition. We have attended the Congress at Cheyenne, Billings, Spokane and Colorado Springs and have had the benefit of the government exhibit at the last two places named. The government exhibit has won the grand sweepstakes for the best state or provincial exhibit at Spokane and at Colorado Springs, and our farmers have won a very large proportion of the premiums offered for small grains, grasses and vegetables.

"At Colorado Springs last fall Alberta took almost everything that was not nailed down and secured the Congress and Exposition for 1912 and it will be held at Lethbridge October 21 to 26 next. We believe that in securing this Congress and Exposition for Alberta for 1912, we have done a work which will be of vast and far reaching benefit to the province and to the whole of Western Canada.

"We are aware that in some parts of the Province the name dry-farming is looked upon as offensive, and that with no real knowledge of the object of the Congress and knowing nothing about it except that its name includes the word 'dry', some people are antagonistic to it.

"Dry-farming is the science of agri-

A TURKISH BATH ON THE FARM

FOLK ON THE FARM—Are you missing one of SNAP's best services? A dip in the tub and SNAP used instead of soap makes you feel as if you had enjoyed a genuine TURKISH BATH. It is thoroughly cleansing, removes the stains and grime of hard work, refreshes and invigorates as it cleans, and is soothing to the skin.

Be sure you get SNAP the original Antiseptic Cleaner.

been held, will take place in Lethbridge, October 21 to 26, and we believe that the Exposition which will be held in connection with it will be the best exhibit of agricultural products and agricultural machinery that has ever been held in Canada.

"Every effort is being made to enable the whole province to participate in the benefits that are expected to accrue from this Congress and Exposition, and one of the methods whereby we expect each district to benefit is in taking part in the exhibition. In this exhibition it is expected that every agricultural society representing every district in Alberta will have a high class district exhibit, thereby advertising to the great number of American and Eastern Canadian farmers who will be present, the agricultural resources of that district.

"The Alberta Department of Agriculture is offering some fine premiums for the best district exhibit. In addition to district exhibit there will also be premiums for the best individual farmer's exhibit. Some of the biggest premiums ever offered are now being arranged for, and will be announced in the premium list. These exhibits will be products of the soil only, and must be grown on land which receives no artificial moisture from irrigation and must have been grown in the season of 1912.

"You note that the date of this Exposition is late, the third week in October, coming after all the local agricultural society exhibitions, and every society should see to it that it is represented by an exhibit, much of which can be gathered by holding the premium winning exhibits at their own exposition.

"In order to make a successful up-to-date exhibit, it is necessary to begin preparations now. Seeds of high grade in the various varieties should be purchased, carefully planted, and attended to, especially for exhibition purposes. The number of varieties of the different grain and grasses shown, will have a large bearing on winning premiums, in fact, next to quality this will be the largest score.

"At Lethbridge there will be no charge for space for these exhibits, and all exhibitors will be treated alike.

"The question of obtaining a part of the benefit that the International Dry-Farming Congress and Exposition will bring to Alberta for your own district, lies entirely in your own hands. The opportunity is before you. Get your exhibit ready. Begin to plan for it now, and be present at the Dry-Farming Congress with a district exhibit, which will fully represent the magnificent district from which you each come.

"I will be pleased to answer any enquiries regarding space or anything else, and trust that each and every society will be represented at the Exposition. Write to W. J. McNicol, chairman Exposition Committee, Dry-Farming Congress, Lethbridge, Alberta."

BABY'S OWN TABLETS CURE CONSTIPATION

No ailment causes more suffering to little ones than does constipation. Hardly a little one escapes this trouble—many of them suffer from it continually. The surest cure and safest remedy—one that is absolutely guaranteed to be free from harmful drugs—is Baby's Own Tablets. They never fail—they have cured thousands of cases.

Concerning them Mrs. Lev. Blanchet, St. Racine, Que., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation and vomiting and have found them an excellent remedy, and I have recommended them to several of my neighbors." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Prices are Still Soaring.

The Department of Labour's wholesale prices record up to date shows a still higher level for February than for January, notwithstanding that the latter month was reported as having seen the highest prices since 1882-4 and possibly since 1873. The index number rose during February from 131.4 to 134.3, these being percentages of the average level of prices during the last decade of the last century. The upward movement was largely the result of advances in grains, animals and meats, dairy products and potatoes. Retail prices were also upward, especially in the food products derived from the lines above mentioned.

That was kind of clever of Johnnie in turning the tables on the teacher—as told in the Delineator:—"What dirty hands you have, Johnnie!" said his teacher. "What would you say if I came to school that way?" "I wouldn't say nothin'," replied Johnnie. "I'd be too polite."

In Chapell, Essex, which has a population of under 400 inhabitants, there are eighteen old age pensioners, whose combined years total 1,417.

Miss Foy—Oh, how I wish I had Helen's charm.
Miss King—What charm has she?
Miss Foy—She can cry in the sweetest soprano voice.

The nearest neighbor of New Zealand is Australia, which is two hundred miles distant.

The earliest known marriage contract in Greek dates from 312 B.C.

COULD NOT WALK FROM RHEUMATISM GIN PILLS STOPPED THE PAIN

55 University St., Montreal.
"Just a word of praise for GIN PILLS. About fifteen months ago, I could not walk across my room, suffering severely with Rheumatism. I took GIN PILLS and became quite well. Two months ago, I had Rheumatic Pains with Neuralgia and Diarrhoea. I resorted to Gin Pills again for one week and became quite well."

SAMUEL LONGMORE.
Here is our straight guarantee, given with every box of GIN PILLS. We know that Gin Pills will positively cure Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago—as well as Pain in the Back, Irritated Bladder and weak, strained Kidneys. We pledge ourselves—the largest wholesale drug house in the British Empire—to promptly return your money should Gin Pills fail to give satisfaction. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Dept. N.U., Toronto. 90

The Henpecked Husband: "Is my wife going out, Elsie?"
Elsie: "Yes, sir."
Henpecked Husband: "Do you know if I am going with her?"

As a safe-guard buy nothing in the baking powder line unless all the ingredients are printed on the label. The manufacturers of the brands of baking powder in which large quantities of alum are used, are afraid to print the ingredients on the label as no person would buy it at any price. Magic Baking Powder is pure and guaranteed not to contain alum.

The Morse Code For -eroplanes.

An idea which is being worked out at the present time is the adoption of the Morse Code for the use of airmen. It consists in smudges of lamp-black ejected by compressed air from a funnel-shaped tube attached to the forward edge of the upper plane of a bi-plane. The apparatus is under the control of the airmen, who, having familiarized himself with the Morse Code, indicates dashes with a long puff of smoke and dots with a shorter ejection. Lieutenant Roy C. Kirkland is responsible for the idea, and the preliminary experiments have proved immensely successful, the signals being easily read off by observers on terra firma.

Won Fame on Its Merits.—The unbounded popularity that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil enjoys is not attributable to any elaborate advertising, for it has not been so advertised, but is entirely due to the merits of this Oil as a medicine. In every city, town and hamlet in the country it is sought after solely because of its good qualities.

A Hint.—Lady: I guess you're getting a good thing out of tending the rich Smith boy, ain't ye, doctor?
Doctor: Well, yes, I guess a pretty good fee. Why?
Lady: Well, I hope you won't forget that my Willie threw the brick that hit 'im!—Scribner's.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

Only Guide Posts.

A well known Fourth avenue banker was sitting in a downtown restaurant eating mush and milk.
"What's the matter?" inquired a friend.
"Got dyspepsia."
"Don't you enjoy your meals?"
"Enjoy my meals?" snorted the indignant dyspeptic. "My meals are merely guide posts to take medicine before or after."—Pittsburgh Post.

Oranges were purchased last year by the United Kingdom to the value of \$11,609,000, and lemons to the value of \$2,320,000.

Play 2,600 Years Old.

Appropriately enough, following the return of the King and Queen, there was an Indian performance at the Royal Court Theatre recently. On that occasion there was presented the famous mystery play of India, "Buddha, the Light of Asia: His Life and Great Renunciation." It was a perfect Indian representation, for there was nearly a score of Indians in the cast. This famous play is 2,600 years old.

The transition from winter's cold to summer's heat frequently puts a strain upon the system that produces internal complications, always painful and often serious. A common form of disorder is dysentery, to which many are prone in the spring and summer. The very best medicine to use in subduing this painful ailment is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It is a standard remedy, sold everywhere.

The New and the Old.

Governor Foss of Massachusetts tells of a well known divine who was visiting a state prison when he came across a prisoner whose features were familiar to him. "What brought you here, my poor fellow?" he asked.

"You married me to a woman a little while ago, sir," the prisoner replied with a sigh.

"Ah, I see," said the parson; "and she was domineering and extravagant, and she drove you to desperate courses eh?"

"No," said the prisoner, "my old woman turned up."

Lady—Couldn't you possibly have saved your friend who was captured by the cannibals?

African Traveller—Unfortunately not. When I arrived he was already scratched off the menu.

French investments of capital abroad amount to \$8,000,000,000 of which \$2,500,000,000 is invested in Russia.

CANADA'S MACE.

Gorgeous Golden Baulie is the insignia of Authority.
A baulie, Cromwell called the mace. To-day we think of a baulie as something smaller—something we can hang on your watch chain, or carry to a pawn shop in your pocket. Well, you cannot do that with our mace, not even Col. Smith can do it, and he is a strong man and knows more about the mace than any other person in the land.

Our mace is about as long as a stick of cord wood cut for city consumption. It is a little taller than a barrel of flour, but not quite so tall as a schoolboy who wears long trousers. Its weight is considerable. You might lift it with one hand but you would not try to swing it to your shoulder without the aid of two. In fact, to handle the mace is no child's play.

All other things being equal—pay included—a man could spend a more comfortable day swinging an axe in the forest than in looking after the mace on one of those fussy days, when the House of Commons cannot make up its mind whether it wishes to sit as a House with the Speaker in the chair, or as a Committee of the Whole with the Deputy presiding. Back and forth it goes, from one to the other, and Col. Smith is kept busy with a sort of Indian club exercise removing the mace from the table and hanging it on the hooks down at the end and then taking it from the hooks and restoring it to the table. On such a day as that Col. Smith is the busiest man in Ottawa, and when all is over, sometimes about midnight, he has nothing to show for his labor except a wilted collar and a few sparkling bits of gold-dust ground into the palms of his white gloves from handling the great golden baulie.

Golden it is from top to bottom, but how far through no man knows except the Sergeant-at-Arms. Gold through and through he evidently believes it to be, judging from the care he takes of it. It certainly looks like solid gold, and it lifts like it, although one has to admit that one's experience in lifting huge chunks of pure gold is rather limited.

Like almost everything else that shares this world with man, "that pendulum betwixt a smile and a tear," the mace has known troubles, has confronted danger, and has suffered loss. Some seventy years ago all that there was of Canada were the two old Provinces—Upper and Lower Canada—whose Legislature consisted of a House of Assembly and a Legislative Council. The mace in use in our House of Commons is the one that was used in that old House of Assembly of United Canada.

For a number of years Toronto and Quebec were alternately the seat of Government. The mace became a wanderer, but finally a permanent resting place was found, when, in 1865, the present Houses of Parliament were completed in Ottawa. Then the mace, when the House was not sitting, was snugly tucked away in a stout little cabinet prepared for it in the Speaker's apartments, or tenderly deposited on a green velvet cushion at the lower end of the Clerk's table when the Speaker is in the chair, or deposited on two velvet-covered hooks that project from the legs of the table at about a foot below the level of the top.

There has been a mace for more than half a century. Around it has grown up the city of Ottawa, changed by the presence of the golden "baulie" from little, sawmill settlement of Bytown into the national capital of our great Dominion.

Around the mace has been built up all our federal statutory law, which bound in buff half-calf, looks so pretty on a library shelf, and around it has been debated, every policy that during all these years has tended to make or mar the fortunes of our country.

The mace has seen and heard more politics than any living member of Parliament.

What does it think of it all? No man knows, except possibly Col. Henry Smith, Sergeant-at-Arms, the mace's special guardian and most intimate friend—and discreet man that he is, he will not tell.

Preacher Wins a Wager.

"The sporting parson" is the name that all Toronto gives Rev. J. D. Morrow, the athletic pastor of Dale Presbyterian Church, and on a Toronto street car the other day Mr. Morrow gave a very good demonstration of why he holds the title. Once upon a time the preacher held the Canadian amateur 100 yards dash record, and this fact is well known.

On the street car the other day Mr. Morrow was accosted by a man who evidently had scant faith in the preacher's fleetness of foot. In plain words he spoke his doubt. Mr. Morrow was always game, and he asserted that he was still able to run a bit.

"Tut," said the man, "I can beat you myself. I'll bet you \$2 for your new church funds that I can beat you in 100 yards."

Now, it happens that the preacher is having a hard time raising the money to put a roof on his church, and that two spot looked good to him.

"Done," said he, "Get off the car and we'll run it now."

At the next stop they alighted, ran the 100 yards, and Mr. Morrow made it a walkaway.

The \$2 is now in the church building fund—wager made and won to the glory of the Lord, as Mr. Morrow puts it.

A Puzzle For the Expert.

A case concerning motor driving was on hand, says The Montreal Star, when the chauffeur declared that when driving at forty miles an hour he could, if necessary, pull up in ten or twelve feet.

"Um," said the judge.

An expert was the next occupant of the box.

Said his lordship, "If a motorcar was traveling at forty miles an hour and the brakes could be put on in such a manner as to stop it within ten or twelve feet, where would the driver go?"

"Depends very much on the sort of life he'd been living," said the expert.

BRUCE'S SEEDS
The Standard of Quality Since 1850

An experience of over sixty years in the Seed business in Canada, and our long connection with the Best Growers of the World, gives us advantages which few seed houses possess; added to this, our careful system of testing all our seeds for purity and germination, and the great care exercised in every detail of our business, brings to us every season many pleased customers, to add to our already large list of patrons.

SHOPPING BY MAIL is a most fascinating, enjoyable, and profitable pursuit. You can in a few days, and with perfect safety, though far removed from the source of supply, have delivered at your door.

Bruce's Seeds: The Seeds that satisfy.

All you require to do is to send in a post card asking for our handsomely illustrated 112 page Catalogue of Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Implements and Poultry Supplies, which we will mail free of charge, and on receipt of same send us your order. Write for it now.

John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Canada.
The Finest Seed Region of Canada.

Every Eddy Match is a Sure, Safe Light

WHEN you strike an Eddy Match it always lights easily and burns smoothly, with a steady even flame.

THESE perfect matches come from first class materials and mechanically perfect machines—under the supervision of skilled workmen.

EDDY'S Matches are always full M.M. count—for sale by all good dealers everywhere.

THE E. B. EDDY COMPANY, LIMITED
HULL, CANADA. Makers also of Wooden Pails, Tubs, etc.

EUREKA Harness Oil Keeps your Harness SOFT AS A GLOVE TOUGH AS A WIRE, BLACK AS A COAL
Sold by Dealers Everywhere.
The IMPERIAL OIL CO., Limited

FREE! BOYS' OUTFIT FREE!

You sell 30 Beautiful Souvenirs at 5c each, then send us \$1.50 and we will send outfit prepaid. Other gifts for boys and girls. We trust you. Write for Souvenirs. CANADIAN NOVELTY SUPPLY HOUSE, London, Ont.

WINDSOR TABLE SALT

Dickens Day.
From a Michigan paper: "The day was devoted to the study of Dickens, Mrs. Ballard reading the story of 'The Clandestine' by Dickens, which was much enjoyed."

In a moving picture theatre entrance: "Big Shakespeare feature. First reel—'The early life of David Copperfield.' Second reel—'Little Emly' and 'David Copperfield.' Third reel—'The love of David Copperfield.' Enough said."—Boston Transcript.

Nuptial love maketh mankind, friendly, love perfecteth it, but wanton love corrupteth and embaseth it.

It's pretty hard to keep an over-ripe promise.

Where New Stars Come From.
An astronomer tells us how new stars come about. Stars fall towards each other and get up speed for hundreds of years, and then there is a nasty jar. Heat is generated by the collision, and a new star is born. Professor Bickerton believes that the appearance of Nova Persei, which is 10,000 times as brilliant as the sun, is to be explained in this way.

Some relaxation is necessary to people of every degree: the head that thinks, and the hand that labors, must have some little time to recruit their powers.

Dr. Clark's Sweet Nitre PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS

TREAT KIDNEY TROUBLE EARLY!

If your kidneys are not right, your whole body suffers. Neglect that condition and your sufferings will be increased tenfold. The best time to treat kidney trouble is in the beginning. Take DR. CLARK'S SWEET NITRE PILLS at once, when you have lame back, headaches, spots before the eyes, pains in the joints, etc.

Most people know the value of sweet nitre in its action on the kidneys. Five other proved medicines in DR. CLARK'S SWEET NITRE PILLS. They cleanse, tone and stimulate impaired kidneys. Put your right and keep your right. Sold everywhere at fifty cents a box or mailed direct by

THE MARTIN, SOLE & WYNNE CO.
Winnipeg, Canada.

FITS CURED

Send for Free Book giving full particulars of TRENCH'S REMEDY. A Simple home treatment. 25 years success. Testimonials from all parts of the world. Over 1,000 in one year.

TRENCH'S REMEDY CO., LIMITED
187 St. James' Chambers, Toronto.

Telephoning From England to Switzerland.

The completion of a new submarine cable between England and France has resulted in the successful telephonic transmission of messages between Great Britain and Switzerland. Satisfactory commercial conversations are now carried on between England and Geneva, via Paris and Lyons, and with Basel, via Paris and Belfort.

"Does your fiancée know your age, Lotta?"
"Well—partly."

Cotton can only be grown in tropical or semi-tropical countries; but wool is mainly a product of temperate regions.

The Union of South Africa has a total area of 470,000 square miles, with a population approaching 6,000,000.

Ninety-nine miles is the total length of the Suez Canal, and the width is just over 121ft.

NO ONE STRONGER THAN HIS STOMACH.

The celebrated Dr. Abernethy of London was firmly of the opinion that disorders of the stomach were the most prolific source of human ailments in general. A recent medical writer says: "every feeling, emotion and affection reports at the stomach (through the system of nerves) and the stomach is affected accordingly. It is the vital center of the body." He continues, "so we may be said to live (through) the stomach." He goes on to show that the stomach is the vital center of the body. For weak stomachs and the consequent indigestion or dyspepsia, and the multitude of various diseases which result therefrom, no medicine can be better suited as a curative agent than

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

"Several months ago I suffered from a severe pain right under the breast-bone," writes Mrs. G. M. MURPHY, of Corona, Calif. "I had suffered from it, off and on, for several years. I also suffered from heart-burn, did not know what was the matter with me. I tried several medicines but they did me no good. Finally, I was told it was my liver. I did not dare to eat as it made me worse. Whenever I swallowed anything it seemed that I would faint—it hurt so. I grew very thin and weak from not eating. Was told to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took five bottles of it, and could eat a little without getting better from the first dose. I could eat a little without pain and grew strong fast. To-day I am strong and well and can do a big day's work with ease. Can get everything and have put on flesh wonderfully. I will say to all sufferers write to Dr. Pierce. He has my undying gratitude."



SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the best and quickest way to perfect health. Women and girls who suffer are simply weak—weak all over.

Opiates and alcoholic mixtures are worse than worthless, they aggravate the trouble and lower the standard of health.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the whole body, invigorates and builds up.

Be sure to get SCOTT'S—it's the Standard and always the best.

ALL DRUGGISTS

W. N. U. No. 891.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN

Is the most delicate fabric in the world. You may cause it permanent harm by using poisonous mineral ointments for the little rashes and eruptions that every baby suffers from occasionally. Don't take any chances. Use Zam-Buk, the baby's best balm.

Zam-Buk is made from fine herbal extracts, and is free from any harmful poisonous coloring matter. Like the grasses and the flowers, nature has colored it green. It is nature's own healer!

Most ointments and salves have, as their foundation, various animal oils and fats. Zam-Buk does not contain one atom of animal substance. Most ointments and salves are too coarse to be absorbed by the tender delicate skin of a baby, and remain on the skin an irritating mass. Just put a little Zam-Buk on baby's skin, and see how soon it is absorbed, showing conclusively that the pores of the skin are greedy for it.

Use nothing but Zam-Buk for baby's skin troubles and wash with Zam-Buk-Soap.

Zam-Buk should also be used for cuts, burns, scalds, eczema, piles, ulcers, etc. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful substitutes and imitations.

The Tell-Tale Thumb.

The thumb confesses the man; no man is clever enough to deceive it. It has been divided into three parts, typifying the three qualities that master the world—will, logic, and love. The first, or nail phalange, signifies will; the second logic, the third, which is the boundary of the Mount of Venus, love.

When the thumb is unequally developed and the first phalange is extremely long, it is neither love nor logic that governs the individual, but merely sheer will. If the middle phalange be much longer than the first, reason predominates; yet the man may not have the power to will himself to do that which his reason dictates.

When the third phalange is long and the thumb is short, man is revealed as the slave of the senses, guided neither by will nor reason.

If the thumb is supple-jointed, the individual is easy-going, spendthrift, careless of time, money, energy, opportunity and all things.

If it be firm-jointed he is cautious, watchful, keen, diplomatic, tireless in planning, confident and sure of success, self-possessed and self-controlling.

The Ventriloquy of Birds

Whence and why is the power of ventriloquy that many birds possess? (asks a writer in the Nation.) The meadow-lark, or the cornbrake, can sit in one place and make its voice seem to come from many alternate spots. It may be a trick impressed by the ages as a means for bewildering one's enemies, for comrade call and danger call seem, to our blunt ears at any rate, to be the same in these species. The cornbrake must be of an artistically playful disposition, for he calls like that, now near, and far, when he is, undoubtedly calling his mate.

Dickens and Miss Weller.

Dickens himself was once embarrassed by one of his names. This was when he was presented to a Miss Weller, whose beauty and talent delighted him. He described to a friend his mixed feelings at finding the name he had made grotesque borne by so gracious a lady. He afterwards introduced a friend, and a marriage followed in time. On the morning after that first meeting Dickens sent to this unfortunee kind of Weller some verses in which he protested his regret that he could not hope to change her name for he was married and "Pickwick" was published.

Not That Kind of Sinner

A story is told of a certain clergyman who was fond of making sharp remarks. One day, after a fall of snow, he was wending his way along a country road in company with a parishioner. His companion suddenly stepped upon a hidden slide, and came down with a thud.

Looking gravely down at him, the pastor solemnly said:—"Ah, my friend, sinners stand on slippery places."

"Yes, I see they do, but I can't," was the indignant rejoinder of the fallen member of his flock.

"Times is fierce," declared Susan Brett. "Half the managers on Broadway owe me money."

"Back salary or alimony?" politely queried Yorick Hamm.—*Courier Journal*.

A beggar in Dublin had been long besieging an old, gouty, testy, limping gentleman, who refused his mite with much irritability, on which the mendicant said:—"Ah, please your honor's honor, I wish your heart was as tender as your toes."



W. N. U. No. 891.

King George at Home.

When King George entered his private room on his return from his in-dia visit he found a mass of correspondence arranged for his examination that made him smile. "Enough work here for a month, I suppose," he remarked to Lord Stamfordham. It was plain that he was only too anxious to get to work. His quick alert manner, of moving about, glancing with pleasure at various objects in his apartments, pausing every now and then to make some brief reference to matters that immediately interested him, was gratifying to behold, since it indicated better than anything else could have done the downright joy that he felt at being back in his London "home," while it equally conclusively demonstrated that his health had not been impaired by the fatigues of the last few months.

When Colds Hang On

You Can Be Sure the Vitality of The System is Running Low.

Fortify Yourself Against Pneumonia And Consumption by Using

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

You catch cold easily. One cold is not gone till the next one comes. You are unable to shake yourself free, and as a result your system is gradually becoming weaker and weaker. This is the way to pneumonia or consumption. Colds only hang on when the system is in a weakened or run-down condition, and the blood lacks the richness which is required to fight off the disease germs.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine will free you of the cold, but you must build up the system by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food or you leave yourself open to renewed attack.

Colds do not bother the person whose blood is pure and rich and whose nervous system is filled with energy and vigor. You can fortify yourself against colds and you can ward off such frightful diseases as pneumonia and consumption by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

By a few weeks' use of this great food cure you can build up a reserve force which will enable you to fight off disease and to better accomplish your work in life. Rich, red blood is the greatest of germicides, and there is nothing like Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to form new blood and restore snap, vigor and energy to mind and body. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Bullet Proof Shield.

Lieut. Blabini of the Thirty-second Infantry, who is now at Tripoli, has invented a bullet proof shield which can be put to different uses with great advantage. The shield consists of a light plate of tempered steel 12 inches wide and 16 inches long, shaped like a spade. When fitted to one of the tent poles the shield can serve the purpose of a spade for digging trenches in the sand. In skirmishing soldiers can use it to take cover by lying on the ground and firing from behind the shield through the hole, which is large enough to admit the barrel of the rifle. The shield can also be used when soldiers are kneeling, and in bayonet charges it can be strapped over the left arm and serve the purpose of a regular shield. On the march the shield, which is very light is hung over the knapsack. The Blabini shield has been experimented with successfully and found bullet proof at 100 yards, so that very probably it will be adopted as an essential part of the equipment of infantry soldiers.

Minards Liniment for sale everywhere.

Secret of Long Life.

The true secret of health and long life lies in very simple things. Don't worry. Don't overeat. Don't starve. Fresh air day and night. Sleep and rest abundantly. Spend less nervous energy each day than you make. Be cheerful. "Work like a man, but don't be worked to death." Avoid passion and excitement. Associate with healthy people. Health is contagious as well as disease. Don't carry the whole world on your shoulders, far less the universe. Never despair. "Lost hope is a fatal disease."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

It is to live twice when you can enjoy the recollection of your earlier life.

Smart!

Brown—"I say, Smith, are you good at conundrums?" Smith—"My boy, I am great at such things. Fire away."

Brown—"Well, if it takes a man three days to chew a ham weighing ten pounds, how long will it take the same man to chew a ham weighing six pounds?"

Smith (after considering some time)—"I'll give it up, old chap." Brown (as he prepares to dodge things)—"It will depend whether he is a professional or a ham-chewer."

Agent (to sour-faced but wealthy old lady):—"Madam, I am, soliciting funds to start a benevolent enterprise for the poor blacks of Africa, and I thought—Sour-faced Lady:—"I can't give you money, sir; I have been swindled too often. All I can do is to lend my countenance to the scheme." Agent (sadly):—"That would simply ruin it, ma'am."

Industrial Accidents.

According to the record of industrial accidents kept by the Department of Labour, 61 persons were killed and 378 injured during February, 1912. This record compares very favourably with that of January, when 86 workmen were killed and 314 injured. Compared with February, 1911, the record is still more favourable, as 93 were killed and 192 injured in that month. The worst disaster of the past month was the premature explosion of dynamite on construction work near Fort Frances, Ont., on the line of the Canadian Northern Railway, by which 13 construction hands were killed and six others seriously injured.

Two-year-old Harry had never seen a live lamb, his only knowledge of that animal being derived from a toy one on wheels. While visiting grandpa on the farm he was taken to the sheep pen to see the lambs. After looking at them for a few minutes, he looked up at grandpa with a puzzled expression, and asked, "Where's the wheels?"

They Soothe Excited Nerves.—Nervous affections are usually attributable to defective digestion, as the stomach dominates the nerve centres. A course of Parvules's Vegetable Pills will still all disturbances of this character, and by restoring the stomach to normal action, relieve the nerves from irritation. There is no sedative like them and in the correction of irregularities of the digestive processes, no preparation has done so effective work, as can be testified to by thousands.

A Yukon Bonanza.

One of the best since the days of the Klondike discovery in 1898 was made here last week, about seventy miles from the mouth of Sixtymile River, 120 miles southwest of Dawson and

A new gold discovery, regarded as twenty-five miles from the Alaska line. The find is said to average about \$1 to the square foot of bedrock. Some two hundred men have already gone from here on a stampede to stake claims, notwithstanding a temperature of 30 degrees below zero and snow on the ground fifteen inches deep. A very reliable miner, who has been engaged in mining here since the gold rush in 1908, was the discoverer. He reports the formations in sinking a shaft 19 1/2 feet to bedrock as follows: Six inches of mud; 6 feet of gravel containing gold; 3 cents to the pan, 6 feet of mud and 7 feet of gravel to bedrock where the gold is found. In cleaning up the surface of the bedrock a space of 5 by 8 feet, he obtained \$40 worth of high grade gold, as shown by the gold commissioner's scales here. He reports the valley in which the discovery was made to be 20 miles long and 2,000 feet wide, with good working gravel quite similar to that of the famous Bonanza Creek of the Klondike, and frozen solid from the surface to bedrock, making a safe roof for mining.

There may be other corn cures, but Holloway's Corn Cure stand at the head of the list so far as results are concerned.

Your Mother

Do not forget to manifest an interest in whatever interests or amuses her. Though she is old and wrinkled she loves pretty things. Make her frequent simple presents, and be sure they are appropriate and tasteful.

Remember that she is still a girl at heart, so far as delicate little attentions are concerned. Give her your full confidence, and never do anything which you think she would disapprove. Make her a partaker, so far as your different ages will permit, in all your pleasures and recreations.

Lift all the burdens you can from the shoulders that have grown stooped in waiting upon and working for you. Never intimate by word or deed that your world and hers are different, or that you feel in any way superior to her.

Treat her with the unvarying courtesy and deference that you accord to those who are above you in rank or position. Study her tastes and habits, her likes and dislikes, and cater to them as far as possible in an unobtrusive way.

Bear patiently with all her peculiarities or infirmities of temper or disposition, which may well be the result of a life of care and toil. Remember that her life is monotonous compared with yours, and take her to some suitable place of amusement or for a little trip to the country, or to the city if your home is in the country, as frequently as possible.

Explained

Didn't some idiot propose to you before our marriage?" "Certainly." "Then you ought to have married him." "That's just what I did."—*Stray Stories*.

CURED OF CONSTIPATION

Mr. Andrews praises Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Mr. George Andrews of Halifax, N.S., writes: "For many years I have been troubled with chronic constipation. This ailment never comes single-handed, and I have been a victim to many illnesses that constipation brings in its train. Medicine after medicine I have taken in order to find relief, but one and all left me in the same hopeless condition. It seemed that nothing would expel from me the one ailment that caused so much trouble, yet at last I read about these Indian Root Pills.

That was indeed a lucky day for me, for I was so impressed with the statements made that I determined to give them a fair trial.

They have regulated my stomach and bowels. I am cured of constipation, and I claim they have no equal as a medicine.

For over half a century Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have been curing constipation and clogged, inactive kidneys, with all the ailments which result from them. They cleanse the whole system and purify the blood. Sold everywhere at 25c. a box.

MOONEY'S BISCUITS

ONE TIRED WOMAN AND ONE LITTLE OVEN

You have probably been there yourself—perhaps are right now.

Bright women all over Canada are getting away from this. They welcome MOONEY'S BISCUITS as a most acceptable substitute for their own bread and biscuits.

MOONEY'S PERFECTION SODA BISCUITS

are the crispest, creamiest crackers made. Better still, they are baked in Winnipeg; right at your very door. They come to you fresh as the product of your own oven.

You can have them in air-tight packages or sealed tins as you prefer.

LET MOONEY DO IT



FURS

Trappers, Dealers, in any kind of Fur, cannot afford to dispose of their collections without first obtaining our prices sent upon request. Remittance forwarded day goods received. Express and mail charges on all shipments paid by us. Canada's Largest Fur Operator. Your correspondence solicited. John Hallam - Toronto

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustration of a child. SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUM, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is 99% purely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago"

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUM, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is 99% purely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago"

CANCER

Old Sores, Lumps in Breast, Growths removed and healed by a simple Home Treatment. No pain. Describe the trouble, we will send book and testimonials free. THE CANADA CANCER INSTITUTE, Limited 10 Churchill Ave., Toronto.

Extreme Temper.

"Bangs is a very ill-tempered man. I hear."

"So ill-tempered that he won't ride on anything but a sulky."

The average man gets so much criticism that when a compliment is paid him without "if" or "but" attached, he pinches himself to see if he isn't just new dead.

I have six daughters.

"Must take 'em a long time to dress when the family is going anywhere."

"Oh, no. They form in a circle and each one buttons another's gown."

Washington Herald.

NOW'S THE TIME

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Dr. J. C. CHENEY'S Catarrh Cure. We, the undersigned, have known J. C. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. "Make Hall's Family Pills for Constipation."

A young woman entered a shoe-maker's establishment and said to the salesman: "I think these Louis the Fourteenth heels are too high for me. Give me a size lower, please. Or perhaps Louis the Thirteenth would be high enough!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

His Excuse.

She—"You didn't seem to like the new symphony at the concert last night?"

He—"No. The fact is, I ignored it."

She—"Ignored it?"

He—"Yes, Mrs. Knottall was with us, you know, and she said she heard it in Munich last year, and I couldn't show an interest in anything as second hand as that, could I?"—*Cleveland Plain Dealer*.

"Anemia can be successfully treated by fruit diet, especially with bananas."

The scientific way of getting the best results from your cattle, is to get the best separator.

There are so many separators on the market, each one claiming to be the best; that buying one should be a matter of careful consideration.

\$35.00 OUR 1912 MODEL \$35.00 HIGH GRADE

STERLING SEPARATOR

We would like to bring to your notice some points of special advantage in this machine. The bowl is small and true-balanced, easy to run, skims quickly and cleanly. It is forged from solid steel with electrically welded spindle and can not get out of balance.

The flexible neck bearing of phosphor bronze is held in place by heavy coil spring and adjustable lock nut. This is the most approved type of bearing. It is lubricated by sight feed oil cup.

The gears are accurately cut mesh perfectly, and run with a minimum of friction. The gears are concealed and protected from dust.

One-piece Seamless supply

can of heavy retinned steel. There is no place for dirt to lodge.

The skimming discs are easy to wash. The discs are shipped all together from the bowl to the cleaning rod. The discs can not become mixed. After washing they are shipped back into the bowl all at once, they are not handled one at a time. It only takes a minute to thoroughly wash them.

30 Day Free Trial

We could enumerate at considerable length, the different advantages of our separator, but we permit you to answer every question by accepting our remarkable offer. We offer you a thirty-day working trial on your own farm, entirely at our risk. Your decision is final. If at the end of that time you are not satisfied in every detail you can send the separator back telling us what is wrong, and we will pay all transportation charges and return your money. Nothing we could say would prove more conclusively the confidence we have in this separator.

TELL US YOUR NEEDS

Every one expects business to increase. When ordering a separator it is always better to buy a larger one than the present needs demand. Let us know the size of your herd and we will tell you what a suitable separator will cost at your own town.

Write for our Spring and Summer Catalogue. It will save you money.

T. EATON CO. WINNIPEG CANADA

Some Mourner.

Down in Georgia a negro, who had his life insured for several hundred dollars, died and left the money to his widow. She immediately bought herself a very elaborate mourning outfit.

Showing her purchase to her friend, she was very particular in going into detail as to prices and all incidental particulars. Her friend was very much impressed, and remarked:

"Them who is fine close, but befo' heaven, what is you goin' to do wid all dis black underwear?"

The bereaved one sighed: "Chile, wher I mornas, I mornas."—*Harpers Magazine*.

Quite at Home

"I hear your son has brought home a timid little bride."

"Well, she isn't so awfully backward at that. She started in right away to improve mother's game of bridge and show the girls how to dress."

Sperm whales are the richest prizes of the ocean, yielding spermatic from the brain cases, ivory from their lower jaws, and rich yellow oil from their sides.

Let us not be too particular. It is better to have old second-hand diamonds than none at all.—*Mark Twain*.

A Chicago professor attributes indigestion to a pessimistic stomach, which refuses to enjoy the good things of life.

Strikes During February.

The strike situation in Canada continues on the whole favourable according to the latest reports of the Department of Labour. Few disputes of importance occurred during February, the one affecting most employees being that of the cloak and garment workers in the employ of T. Eaton Company, Toronto and Montreal. About 600 employees were affected by this dispute. Altogether there were twelve strikes in existence during February affecting about 50 firms and 1,200 employees. The loss of time in working days was approximately 10,000, compared with 12,000 days lost from the same cause during January, and over 32,000 days lost in February, 1911. Eight strikes remained in existence at the close of the month.

A group of old men were giving their reminiscences of Lincoln. "My wife collected autographs," said one. "She once wrote to Lincoln for a sentiment and his autograph, and she got in reply a note that ran—'Dear Madam.—When you ask from a stranger that which is of interest only to yourself, always enclose a stamp. There's your sentiment, and here's your autograph.'—A. Lincoln!"

CHEW DIXIE TOBACCO

E. M. Whicher

R. W. Glover

WHICHER & GLOVER

for

Early Spring Novelties in**Prints, Gingham, etc.****you will be amply repaid by visiting us**

LADIES: You will be pleased to know that you can now procure the celebrated **BUTTERICK PATTERNS** through us. Each month we have a supply of Fashion Sheets which we distribute Free on Application.

Our new range of carpets which we hold will please you. All prices and sizes.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS in all its departments. Agents for the "FIT RITE" and "CLASSIC" suits.

VULCAN - - ALBERTA

We are Sole Agents in this district for Ogilvie's
ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR

MASSEY-HARRIS
FARM IMPLEMENTS
Speak for Themselves

If you want to know more, see

BEN LUKINS, Agent**D. F. LEE**
House, Sign and Carriage Painter
Paperhanging and Decorating

Three fine lines of WALL PAPER to choose from. If you need paper call and see my samples

Latest Designs and Lowest Prices. No trouble to show samples

D. F. LEE, - Vulcan Street**H. W. REEVES, - VULCAN****Dry Goods****Boots and Shoes****Groceries****Sole Agent for Purity Flour****THE VULCAN REVIEW****Every Tuesday****Vulcan - Alberta****Subscription \$1.00 in Advance**
Advertising rates given by the
Manager

F. D. ROGERS, Publisher

T. R. FARRAND, Manager

TUESDAY APRIL 2, 1912

C. P. R. Time Table

Going north 11.47. Going south 11.47
Connecting at Aldersyde and at Kipp

Local News of Interest**Boost Vulcan.****Patronize the advertisers.**

Send a copy of the Review to distant friends.

A copy of this issue sent away may bring in a settler.

H. L. Earp is building a residence in Vulcan, this week, and Mr. and Mrs. Earp will be Vulcanites in the near future.

The four leading Presbyterian churches in Calgary recorded their votes on the union question with the following results: Grace church, for 91, against, 255; Knox church, for 244, against, 49; St. Paul's church, for 60, against, 71; St. Andrew's church, for 102, against, 28. Total: for, 497, against, 412.

Work has been started on the new pool and billiard room and Mr. Beardsley, the proprietor, states that it will be open within the next two or three weeks.

C. B. Shimp has been authorized to sign receipts for the Review so at any time when you don't find Tom and feel like doing the right thing leave your dollar at the music store on Railway avenue.

Copies of the Review in wrappers ready for mailing can be obtained at the office. Five cents each, six for two bits. A good publicity method.

Contractor C. McD. Cheeld left for Vulcan on Tuesday morning where he will soon make his residence. The people of Vulcan will find in Mr. Cheeld a proficient and conscientious workman.—Okotoks Advance.

Another meeting of the previously called "Go Getters" was held the other night and it was decided to change the name to the Vulcan Club. Evidently this club is meeting with great favor among the business men around town for at the last report we understand they had forty-nine of the best citizens in Vulcan on their list. The order started with only fourteen members and has only been in operation for a few weeks, but has made great headway.

Mrs. Bertha Christianson met with a rather serious accident Tuesday. Mrs. Christianson was returning to her home near Ensign, when just outside of town her horse became unmanageable, upsetting the buggy and throwing both Mrs. Christianson and her three year old child to the ground. Fortunately neither of them received any serious injury, though the little boy got quite a bad bump on the forehead. The buggy just escaped being a total wreck, the dashboard and shafts being broken off.

A very good joke on one of our real estate men was accidentally discovered by our reporter. A C. W. man came into town and seemed to be looking for a location, so the local real estate dealer hustled around and had a deal nearly made whereby he was selling a location for a laundry and restaurant, when our restaurant man John Dong, came forward and said, "He gotta no money and no talk much, but he cook for C. P. R." It is needless to say the deal was off and the real estate agent is looking for another buyer.

Starting on Monday the C. P. R. had a big gang of men at work getting out gravel to ballast the Aldersyde branch. The ballast will be taken from the gravel pits at Aldersyde and it is hoped to have the work done early in June. According to semi-official assurances, early in the summer a daylight train service will be inaugurated from Lethbridge to Calgary and probably through to Edmonton. The distance to Calgary is 10 miles shorter than via Macleod and it is said the grade is lighter, so that an ordinary engine could pull 2000 pounds on this line for every 900 on the Macleod branch. The establishment of a daylight train between the two cities will have a big effect in developing this territory.—Lethbridge Herald.

People Who Come and Go

Robert Polly made a short trip east last week.

Mrs. E. M. Clark was a Calgary visitor a few days last week.

M. R. Shaw was a business caller at Lethbridge last Wednesday.

A great many people from Vulcan attended the sale at the Todd ranch.

Among the Calgary visitors this week are R. W. Glover, Mr. Jenni John and ye editor.

J. S. Hunt, of High River, came down last Wednesday on a short business trip, returning Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rutten, of Sweet Valley, are Vulcan visitors, the guests of his parents.

Mrs. J. F. Dole arrived home from the east a few days ago, where she passed the winter with her relatives.

The store of H. W. Reeves received a new coat of paint last week which added much to the looks of the place.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Taylor are again in town. They have been doing household duties for the past month or two.

J. W. Maxon, Wm. McDonald and T. T. Stiles left on Monday for Bassano where they will do contract work for the summer.

The household effects of Mr. Geo. Terwilliger, arrived last week, and he will reside on his farm just north of Vulcan.

Mr. McKenzie, Carson & Co.'s grain buyer, from Calgary, was in town for two days. He thinks Vulcan the best town along this line.

If the party who stole the revolver from the Rutten stable last week, will come back he may have the belt and holster to carry it in.

Maurice Fetterman left last Monday for N. Wman, California, where he will make his home with his grandmother for some time.

Alex McKay, who has been employed in the general store of H. W. Reeves, left last week for the coast, for the benefit of his health.

H. D. Keith of Calgary is making Vulcan his headquarters for some time, while he is demonstrating the good qualities of the Magnet cream separator.

Fred Smith went to Lethbridge last Friday to meet Mrs. Raney and Mr. and Mrs. Nicholson, his wife's relatives who will make their home in Vulcan this summer.

Rev. Melrose has rented his dwelling house to Mr. Trail, manager of the bank, who will move his family to Vulcan as soon as convenient, and become one of us.

Corporal Cooper of Carmangay, was through this place Tuesday, looking for someone to identify the man who was found murdered near Claresholm some time ago.

Presbyterian Church

The services for next Sunday will be especially for Easter and everyone is especially invited to attend.

The choir will sing two special Easter pieces, and Miss Dickenson will sing a solo.

Rev. Allen will deliver his sermon on an Easter theme.

Welcomes the Review

Nanton News: The first number of the Vulcan Review was issued from the office of the Okotoks Advance, Tuesday, March 19. F. D. Rogers is the publisher of both the Review and Advance, and our old friend Tom Farrand is manager of the Review, and will look after the Vulcan end of the business. He will also put in a job printer plant at Vulcan, but the Review will continue to be printed in the Advance office until the time is deemed opportune for putting in a newspaper plant at Vulcan. The first issue contains a write-up of the town, which is recognized as among the prettiest points in Southern Alberta. The News welcomes the new paper into the field, and has no doubt of its success.

Farewell Party

Our genial friends, Messrs. Smith & Marshall left Thursday for Aldersyde. The evening before their departure, they asked in a number of their friends, and a splendid banquet was served.

The hotel proposition was freely discussed and it was unanimously decided that we did not need a hotel, as we could have all the liquid refreshments we need by going to other towns for it.

Vulcan Markets

Butter	.....	\$ .30
Eggs	.....	.25
Potatoes	.....	1.00
Chickens	.....	.15
Pork, dressed	.....	.11
Beef	.....	.10
Flour, cwt.	.....	2.50
Patent Flour, cwt.	.....	2.75

VULCAN**Livery, Feed and Sale Stable**

Corner Atlantic Avenue and Neptune Street

Stock left in our care will have the best of attention

EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE

"A few Good Bargains in Driving Horses,"—will Sell or Trade

A Full Line of Rigs of All Kinds for Sale**R. E. DODDS, Prop.****Real Estate, Insurance Conveyancing****Money to Loan on Terms to suit Quickest Results****A Snap in Land Close to Town if Taken Soon**

Agent for Peter Jensen Grain Co., Winnipeg

M. F. EARP**McCormick Agency**
Bettendorf and Columbus Wagons, Oliver
Sulky and Gang Plows
A Complete Line of Repairs in Season**E. J. CHARTERS, Prop.****The Hub Pool Room & Dancing Parlors****THE HALL**
is Open to the Public Every Evening be-
tween 8 and 9, for Boxing—FREE
SHIMP & KOTHLOW, Proprietors, Vulcan**Real Estate****Loans****OUR EDISON RECORDS****FOR APRIL****Are Now in Stock**

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write copy for balance
of ad. Call in and list
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